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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Revolutionists in San Domingo have taken the field in force; many of the government troops have gone over to them. —— Mexican troops will begin a war of extermination against the Yaquis Indians. —— Greenville, S. C., was threatened with a race war Sunday night; there was some firing between squads of whites and blacks and several men were wounded. —— One new case of yellow fever at the Hampton Soldiers Home. —— Twenty or more people drowned by the collapse of a gang-plank at Mount Desert Ferry near Bar Harbor, Me. —— Nearly forty people killed by a trolley car accident near Bridgeport, Conn. —— The second court martial of Dreyfus, at Rennes, France, began yesterday. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call quoted at 3½@4 per cent., the last loan being at 3¾ per cent.; cotton steady, middling uplands 6⅛c; flour was dull and barely steady; wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 75⅝c; corn—spot firm, No. 2 37⅞c; oats—spot dull, No. 2 27c; rosin steady; strained common to good $1.30@1.32½; spirits turpentine steady at 47½@49c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRIOULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., August 7.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 80 degrees, 8 P. M., 78 degrees; maximum, 87 degrees; minimum, 74 degrees; mean, 80 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .41; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.35 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 3.2 feet.

WEST INDIES HURRICANE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 7. 3.15, P. M.—Hurricane central east of Dominica, West Indies, apparently moving northwest. Hurricane signals ordered this morning, Dominica to Porto Rico.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light to moderate showers occurred in nearly all districts during the past 24 hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday with somewhat cooler over North Carolina.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—For North Carolina—Generally fair with continued high temperature Tuesday and Wednesday, variable winds.

Port Almanac August 8.

Sun Rises	5.15 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.55 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 40 M.
High Water at Southport	9.11 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	12 41 A. M.

New York has 25,000 listed barbers, but this doesn't include all the shavers and shearers.

Some scientists assert that Adam was a colored man. He bleached after he contracted the habit of washing.

For a rural town there is considerable hum in Philadelphia, with her 20,000 factories, the annual output of which is valued at $600,000,000.

Ignatius Donnelly has discovered a new Shakespearean cipher. He keeps on discovering things, but none of them amount to more than ciphers.

If this thing keeps on the occupied farms in some of the New England States will be lonesome. The habit of abandoning is kept up and is growing stronger.

Russia has abolished the Siberian exile system, which has been in existence for 308 years. In that time 1,500,000 persons have been banished to that region.

Objection is made to the automobile that it sometimes becomes frisky without notice, rears up, runs away and spills people along the road. So does the mule. But the mule is still with us.

The President of Venezuela is of the opinion that this country "wants the earth." Oh, no. We want only that part of it which isn't already in the grip of some power strong enough to defend and hold it.

The Siamese are an odd sort of people. They don't believe in even numbers. The doors, windows, number of rooms in a house must be all odd, and they won't climb a ladder with an even number of rungs.

The first Chinaman to draw a pension from the Government is Ah Yu, who enlisted in the navy in 1884, was with Admiral Dewey on the Olympia, and is now laid up with lung trouble. He draws $30 a month.

Governor Roosevelt is reported as saying that "the Rough Riders were not organized for advertising purposes." Presumably not. But Teddy got a good deal of advertising out of them, and took advantage of it to boom himself for and boost himself into his present job. Ted is no slouch when it comes to advertising.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN

August Meeting Held Yesterday Afternoon at 3.30 O'clock in Mayor's Office.

FIVE FIREMEN SUSPENDED.

Contracts Awarded for Pest Houses and Repairs to City Prison—Police and Health Officers Elected — Reports Approved.

Routine business consumed a greater portion of the time at the regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen yesterday afternoon. All the members were present except Aldermen Worth and MacRae, the latter being absent from the city.

The action of the Market Committee in lengthening the time for keeping open the Front street market house in compliance with request of several butchers was approved.

Special policeman Frank George was elected upon motion of Alderman Springer to a permanent position on the force, all members voting in the affirmative except Aldermen Taylor and Montgomery, who supported special policeman E. L. Smith.

The City Pest House.

Alderman Hanby, chairman of the Building Committee, exhibited plans for the pest houses and houses of detention, for which an appropriation was made at the beginning of the fiscal year. The buildings will be five in number and located on the four acre lot donated by the county for this purpose some time ago. The houses will be situated a convenient distance apart and the lot will be enclosed by a substantial fence of 208 panels.

Bids for the building were submitted as follows: W.H. Sharp, $880, and $1.20 for each panel of fence. Thad F. Tyler, $948 for the five houses and necessary fencing. As the bid of Mr. Sharp exceeded the $1,000 appropriation for this purpose, it was not considered and the award was to Mr. Taylor.

Guard House Improvement.

Alderman Hanby also exhibited plans for the remodelling of the city prison to the extent allowed by the board, which was considerably less elaborate than at first was contemplated. The present quarters are to be used for colored prisoners and the basement under the northwest corner of the City Hall is to be fitted with wooden cells for white persons with separate apartments for males and females.

The contract for building and plumbing was awarded to Mr. G. M. Summerell for $657—$382 for construction and $275 for plumbing. The other bid was by Mr. Thad F. Tyler; $393.64 for construction and $273.55 for plumbing. The total of Mr. Tyler's bid is $667.19.

Alderman Taylor, chairman of the Street and Wharves Committee, asked for a formal appropriation of $488 for three mules recently purchased for the street cleaning department. It was given. The money received for mules unfit for the service has been paid into the treasury.

Jurisdiction of Chiefs Defined.

Alderman Taylor, chairman of the Fire Committee, reported the discharge and suspension of several firemen for drunkenness. This evoked a long discussion as to the jurisdiction of the Chief of the Fire Department and incidentally as to the powers of the Chief of Police along this line. Mayor Waddell stated that as chief executive of the city, he thought this power was delegated to himself exclusively and that he would exercise it unless relieved by the Board of Aldermen. Of course his rulings are appealable to committees and to the board. Alderman Taylor argued that the chief of the fire department had the right to suspend temporarily, and that it was right that such should be the case for discipline's sake.

Alderman Taylor moved that it was the sense of the board that the chief of the fire department and the chief of police be given the power to suspend their men for misconduct as a measure of discipline.

Alderman Springer offered an amendment to this motion that the power of suspension be delegated to the Mayor.

Alderman Taylor refused to accept the amendment, and further discussion ensued.

Alderman Taylor at length amended his first motion giving the chiefs power to suspend for twenty-four hours, their actions in such cases to be reported to the Mayor within that time. The motion was unanimously carried.

Alderman Springer then moved the permanent discharge of five firemen of Engine Company No. 1, for continued drunkenness and insubordination. Alderman Hanby seconded the motion and it was unanimously carried. One of the members had already been discharged by the chief and the others had been suspended for several days.

Fifty dollars was appropriated by the Board to defray the expenses of Assistant Chief of the Fire Department W. P. Monroe to the International Association of Fire Chiefs and Assistant Chiefs, which meets at Syracuse, N. Y., August 22-25, inclusive. All the members voted for the appropriation except Alderman Parker, who declared that it was a poor investment.

A letter was read from President James D. McNeill formally accepting the invitation of the board to have the State Firemens Association meet in Wilmington in 1900.

Mr. E. Hewlett was unanimously elected a health inspector to succeed Inspector Bowden, resigned.

An invitation was read from Mr. R. P. Paddison asking the presence of the Mayor and members of the board at the celebration of the Moore's Creek Monumental Association on August 17th.

Communications were referred to the various committees as follows: Pay for four days time lost by accident to Fireman A. M. Williams; for rent of dock near his factory by Capt. Preston Cummings; to have gutter lowered on west side of Second between Dock and Orange streets and to ditch alley between Front and Second streets so as to prevent water from running over the property of Messrs. A. D. Wessell, A. P. Adrian M. P. Christ and A. E. Blake; to reduce tax on auctioneers from $60 per year to $15 per year to correspond with State and county license; to repair filthy and unsanitary condition of Campbell between Second and Third streets.

Application for license to retail liquor at 310 Nutt street (Dahnhardt's old stand) by T. J. Sykes, was refused.

City Attorney Meares' opinion with reference to the opening of Dock street between Fourteenth and Sixteenth streets was read. The opinion says that as the Kidder estate refuses to dedicate the property for this purpose the Board would either have to condemn and pay for the property or acquire it by purchase. A special committee composed of Aldermen Hanby, Springer and Parker was appointed to further investigate the matter.

Mr. Geo. Irving, city cattle weigher, reported having weighed 328 animals and payment to the treasurer of $49.20 for the month.

Reports of the fire, police and health departments were read and approved.

Mr. T. F. Bagley, through his counsel E. K. Bryan, Esq., presented a bill amounting to $434.35, alleged damage to his property on Ann between Front and Second streets by reason of failure of the city to provide proper street drainage. Payment was declined upon motion of Alderman Taylor and second by Alderman Parker.

A building permit from Mr. F. G. Prunke was referred to the Fire Committee.

The Treasurer was instructed to rigidly enforce the law requiring drays to have license tags.

Treasurer King submitted his report as follows: 'Balance on hand July 1st, $25,819.82; receipts for the month $9,789.50. Disbursements for the month amounted to $9.975.72 leaving a balance due the city of $25,633.49. In the receipts for the month is included a loan of $5,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Charity Henry—Mortgage sale.
Masonic—Meeting St. John's Lodge.
The N. C. College of A. and M. A.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Lost—Railway tickets.
For Sale—Light yawl.
Lost—A five dollar bill.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Justice Bornemann docketed several cases yesterday for trivial offences.

— Attention is directed to a business local notice of a lost Seacoast railroad book of tickets.

— The regular monthly communication of St. John's Lodge No. 1 of F. and A. Masons will be held to-night.

— The U. S. steamer *Cape Fear* has gone North for some repairs. Mr. B. A. Merritt, of this city, left aboard of her.

— The steamer *Seabright* will clear this morning for Shallotte. She was tied up yesterday for slight repairs.

— An excursion from Marion, N. C., is scheduled to arrive in the city Thursday. The excursionists will spend one day here.

— The auction sale of real estate by Geo. L. Peschau, Esq., as commissioner, did not take place yesterday, but was postponed.

— Herring & Clute's excursion from Clinton will arrive at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning and will return the same day at 7.15 P. M.

— Street cars will run to Hilton Park from 3.30 until 10.30 o'clock each evening instead of from 5 until 10.00, as was at first announced. See advertisement.

— Becky Claridy, the colored woman charged with the larceny of a sum of money from C. S. Riggs on Saturday night, was sent over from the Mayor's Court to the Criminal Court, now in session.

— Sheriff MacRae says he will have the list of delinquent Schedule B tax payers made out for presentation to the Solicitor for indictment to-day. A number of the delinquents called yesterday and settled their dues.

— The Wilmington Athletic Association team will play the Fort Caswell team Friday afternoon. Manager Foster was here yesterday and said that the fort team is in fine trim to give the Wilmington boys a good close game. It is probable that Wilmington will play the Charlotte team Saturday.

S. A. L. Excursion To-day.

An excursion over the Seaboard Air Line from Rutherfordton, Charlotte and intervening points is due to arrive here this afternoon. The train leaves Rutherfordton at 8 o'clock this morning, and will leave Wilmington on the return Thursday at 5 P. M. The excursionists will have thirty-six hours in Wilmington and at the beaches.

COMMISSIONERS MEET

Were in Session Several Hours Yesterday Transacting the County's Business.

WILL MEET AGAIN THURSDAY

To Take Action Regarding Inauguration of New System of Road Improvement. Chain Gang Agitation—Matters of Routine Yesterday.

The Board of County Commissioners was in session from 2:30 until 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, transacting business of a routine character.

Poll tax against Salem J. Bell and Abram Leonard, was remitted.

The report of Col. John D. Taylor as clerk of Superior Court showed $25 school fund collected from the A. David Company for incorporation papers.

W. H. Biddle, register of deeds, reported 20 marriage licenses sold and $19, the county's share of the fees, paid to the treasurer.

Dr. McMillan reported 133 patients treated at the office of superintendent of health and 69 patients visited at their homes. He reported the County Home in good sanitary condition. One slight case of fever there during the month. The jail he reported well kept, the plumbing, however, being again in bad condition. In conclusion Dr. McMillan said that there is not a single quarantine in the county and very little sickness of any kind.

Mr. W. F. Alexander, as a committee of one to supervise the survey for the county fence between New Hanover and Pender counties, made necessary by the recent no fence law enactment, reported, recommending that instead of running the fence with the circuitous windings of the county line, the fence be run in a direct line from Foy's creek to the junction of Old House branch and Island creek, a distance of five and a half miles, and thence to Nickel's Landing, a distance of two and a half miles.

Mr. Alexander reported that Mr. W. T. Bannermann and Mr. W. O. Johnson and others through whose lands the fence will run, will sign agreements for the continuous existence of the fence. The Board agreed to the line of fence selected by Mr. Alexander.

The fence is to be of good wire except across sounds, where driven piles will be used.

Pension Board Met.

During a brief intermission in the commissioners' meeting there was a session of the County Board of Pensions, members other than the commissioners in attendance being Mr. Owen Fennell, Mr. William Blanks, Col. Jno. D. Taylor, Col. W. L. DeRosset, Mr. C. W. Yates and Mr. A. G. Hankins. The only business transacted was the approval of the application of W. L. Wilkins, a member of Company G, Third regiment, N. C. troops, C. S A.

To Meet Again Thursday.

The Board of County Commissioners took a recess until Thursday afternoon of this week, when, a member of the STAR staff is informed by Col. Roger Moore, the chairman, that action will be taken looking to the inauguration of the more extensive public road improvement as provided by the last Legislature. At this meeting it is expected that a road superintendent for the county will be elected, or it is possible that supervisors for each township will be elected instead.

It is also more than probable that some action will be taken at the meeting Thursday regarding the establishment of the chain gang convict system for public road imporvement.

Judge Dossey Battle, of the Crimi-Court, is especially anxious that a chain gain be adopted, and announced in court yesterday that he would personally bring the matter to the attention of the commissioners. He even summoned County Attorney W. B. McKoy before him and requested him to lay the matter before the commissioners at once, so that the chain gang can be established before he passes sentence upon the convicts of this term of court.

GETTING NEW MEMBERS.

Rivalry Between the "Hustlers" and "Busy Bees" of the Y. M. C. A.

The rivalry between the "Hustlers" and the "Busy Bees" in securing members for the Young Men's Christian Association seems to be waxing warm. Already the score stands four to two in favor of the "Hustlers."

The STAR is requested to remind its readers that under the new dispensation the $5.00 for membership entitles the member to every privilege of the Association, including the star course of entertainments, the night school, the gymnasium, and the hot and cold baths.

A number of complimentary tickets for August have already been given out, and others who desire them can obtain them from any member of the committee, especially the leaders, Messrs. Taylor and Herring, of the "Hustlers," and Messrs. Heinsberger and Cotchett, of the "Busy Bees."

Secretary Caldwell and Mrs. Caldwell are expected to return from Clinton Friday.

A Small Fire.

A small one story frame dwelling, No. 514 Dawson street, owned and occupied by Mrs. Flora Kennaday, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The alarm was from box 49. It required 2,250 feet of hose to reach the fire from the nearest hydrant. The building was totally destroyed. It was valued at $300 and was insured.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Only Routine Business Transacted at the Monthly Meeting Yesterday—District School Committee Organized.

The approval of the monthly statement of County Treasurer H. McL. Green was the chief matter of interest before the County Board of Education at its meeting yesterday afternoon. All members were present at the meeting as follows: Col. W. A. Johnson, chairman, Mr. W. H. Sprunt and Capt. Donald MacRae. Capt. Ed Wilson Manning, the County Superintendent, was also present.

The action of Capt. Manning in preparing plans for the building of a school house for the white race in the district embracing Castle Hayne was also approved. In this connection members of the board took occasion to commend Capt. Manning for the very efficient and faithful way in which he has conducted the county school affairs since the beginning of his term of office.

The site for the new school house is about one and a half miles from Castle Haynes on the Holly Shelter road.

The committee for this district was organized Saturday with Mr. R. W. Bordeaux chairman and Mr. Jos. G. Johnson secretary. Mr. C. H. Casteen is the third member of the board.

The committeemen of District No. 4, which is in Masonboro township, was organized by Capt. Manning yesterday with Mr. A. C. Sneed chairman and Mr. Ad. Hewlett secretary. The other member of the board is Mr. D. D. George.

Eight out of the twelve boards of district committeemen have already been organized and are now in working order.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Geo. Lewis, of Florence, S. C., arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. and Mrs. Herbert F. Wilder are visiting relatives in the city.

— Mr. McRee Hatch has returned from his vacation, which he spent at Chicago.

— Mr. C. C. Justice, of Snead's Ferry, was among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— Capt. R. M. Clark, who is superintending the government wharf improvement in the city, went to Baltimore yesterday.

— Mr. L. Rice Carroll was in the city yesterday, returning to his home at Warsaw, after spending several days at Southport.

— Prof. W. F. Massey, of Raleigh, was in the city on Sunday en route to Clarkton, to attend Columbus County's Farmers' Institute.

— Mr. A. A. Kirkman, train dispatcher for the Southern Railroad at Greensboro, is spending a week's vacation in Wilmington and on the beaches.

— Miss Adelaide Wallace, who has been spending some time in the city, the guest of Miss Cannie Chasten, has returned to her home at Wallace.

— Ex-Policeman M. E. Guy, who now has a position as special inspector for the Atlantic Coast Line, with headquarters at Richmond, is in the city. He will return to-day.

— Mr. Robt. C. Merritt has returned from a visit to Greensboro. He was accompanied by Mrs. Merritt and son, who have been spending the past five weeks there with friends.

— Mr. Fred S. Burr has gone north on his Summer vacation, and during his absence Mr. D. O. Westbrook, of Harrison Creek, will attend to his duties at the Wilmington Iron Works.

— Mr. and Mrs. Innman, of Augusta; Miss Roli, of Kentucky and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Moody, of Atlanta, who have spent some time on Wrightsville Beach, left for their homes yesterday.

— Col. John O'Brien, fuel agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, with headquarters at Manchester, Va., is in the city to testify in the case of the negro who is charged at the present term of the Criminal Court with stealing brass from the company.

— Rev. C. S. Blackwell, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist church, left yesterday for Rappahannock, Essex county, Va., to assist Rev. A. T. King, late of this city, in a series of revival services. He will not return until about the 19th inst.

— Mr. E. H. Gaines, division manager for the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., for North and South Carolina who has been here the past several days introducing Mr. R. H. Wescott to the trade, left yesterday with Mr. Wescott for Newbern.

New Firemen.

At a special meeting of the Fire Committee of Board of Aldermen held yesterday afternoon immediately after the meeting of the Aldermen, Messrs. James Grady, G. T. Williams, Samuel Renfrow, B. F. Swann and R. H. King were elected to positions in the fire department to succeed the five firemen who were discharged at the meeting of the Board of Aldermen.

Sixth Street Pond.

One hundred and eight men were at work yesterday under the supervision of Superintendent of Streets Perry opening the culvert which drains the pond in the vicinity of the Second Advent Church on South Sixth street. Among the number of laborers are five brick masons. Mr. Perry thinks the work can be completed in a day or two.

THE CRIMINAL COURT

Convened for the August Term by Judge Dossey Battle Yesterday.

IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE.

The Sentence Passed Upon John Perry, Colored, for Burglary—Judgment Absolute Issued Against Pickpockets' $500 Forfeited Bond.

Judge Dossey Battle convened the August term of the New Hanover Criminal Court yesterday morning at 10 o'clock and continued the session until 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, when recess was taken until 9:30 o'clock this morning, the Judge announcing that during the term the court will be convened daily at 9:30 o'clock and continued until 3 o'clock, when recess will be taken for the day.

The most important feature of yesterday's court was the passing of the sentence of life imprisonment upon John Perry, colored, for burglarizing the sleeping apartment of Lem Lee, a Chinese laundryman of this city. Perry confessed his guilt. The offence was committed on the night of June 11th. Other cases disposed of were:

Monkey Allen, colored, assault and battery with deadly weapon, guilty; $5 and costs.

Andrew Hill, larceny, submitted; sentence deferred.

Dock Russ, Holmes Hall, John H. Wright and Nelson Luder, all colored, affray, submitted; judgment deferred.

Oscar Watson, affray; dismissed on payment of costs.

H. A. Steele, abandonment, submitted; judgment suspended.

S. Seigler, violation of section 5 of the city ordinances; referred to the Superior Court for want of jurisdiction in Criminal Court.

Wm. Brown and Mary Walker, Ed. Willis and Sarah Archer, and Curtis Croom and Estella Smith, all colored, found guilty of unlawful cohabitation and dismissed on promise of marriage.

A case against Eugene Nixon, colored, for larceny was on trial, the evidence being just in when court took a recess. Argument by defendant's counsel, Brooke Empie, Esq., and Solicitor Duffy, will be heard this morning.

Those Pickpocket Cases.

A feature of yesterday's court was the issuance of judgment absolute against the three pickpockets arrested here just before the Charleston Reunion of Confederate Veterans. The judgment was also against their attorney and surety, with whom they deposited the $500 forfeit money; the judgment being a feature in the formal process of law to enforce its payment to the county.

The juries serving this term of the court are as follows:

Grand Jury—R. W. Hicks (foreman), D. J. Furgess, C. F. Joyce, B. H. Scott, Geo. B. Myers, J. H. Mallard, J. M. Janott, F. P. Donlan, J. G. Hill, E. L. Price, E. C. Craft, I. Shrier, Jno. A. Barnes, G. C. Simmons, B. C. Moore, J. E. A. Grissom, Elisha Hewlett and Wm. Simpson.

Petit Jury—L. Chapman, Sol Sternberger, Lafayette Gay, J. D. McRae, Carl Mugge, I. West, M. McCall, Jas. Lewis, E. H. Moore, Robert Hewlett, Joe Hewlett and Woody Howell.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—9 casks spirits turpentine, 41 barrels rosin, 10 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—8 casks spirits turpentine, 57 barrels rosin, 40 barrels tar, 25 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—37 casks spirits turpentine, 252 barrels rosin, 44 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—49 casks spirits turpentine, 27 barrels rosin, 20 barrels tar.

Steamer Driver—8 casks spirits turpentine, 17 barrels rosin, 162 barrels tar, 1 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—32 casks spirits turpentine, 20 barrels rosin, 89 barrels tar.

Steamer Seabright—20 casks spirits turpentine, 30 barrels rosin, 1 barrel crude turpentine.

Total—Spirits turpentine, 163 casks; rosin, 444 barrels; tar, 355 barrels; crude turpentine, 59 barrels.

HAD TO DECLINE.

Governor McSweeney Cannot Visit Moore's Creek Celebration.

[*Columbia State, August 6th.*]

Gov. McSweeney yesterday received an invitation from the committee in charge of inviting him in behalf of the Moore's Creek Monumental Association to attend a big celebration on the Moore's Creek battle ground on Aug. 17. The North Carolinians also invited the governor's staff, which by the way does not exist.

On this occasion the thirteen original States are to be represented by young ladies appropriately costumed.

Gov. McSweeney finds that it will be impossible for him to be away at that time and has written a letter to the committee, conveying this intelligence with regret.

A. AND M. COLLEGE.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts begins its eleventh session Wednesday, September 1st, 1899, with an addition of an important department. A course of instruction in Textile Industry, which is attaining a phenomenal growth in this State and throughout the South, and which requires specially prepared and skilled superintendents for its various branches, has been added.

This College has already attained an enviable reputation for turning out graduates of highest excellence in the various branches taught, and they are filling positions of trust which require skill and a technical education. The demand for persons so educated is far in excess of supply.

Entrance examinations will be held at the court house in the various county seats August 29th, under the supervision of the County Superintendent, or in Raleigh, September 5th.

THE NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS

Offers a thorough practical education in all branches of Agriculture, in Cotton Manufacturing, in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, in Architecture and in the Industrial Sciences, Chemistry, Biology and Physics. Regular courses, special courses, short courses. Total annual expenses, including board, fuel, lights, etc., $118.50. One hundred and twenty scholarships carrying free tuition and lodging are open to needy boys Appointments made by any member of the Legislature.

ELEVENTH SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 6TH, 1899.

Candidates for admission may be examined in each county court house at 10 A. M., AUGUST 19TH, 1899, by the County Superintendent, or at the College in Raleigh, SEPTEMBER 5TH, 1899. For catalogue, address

PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON, WEST RALEIGH, N. C.

aug 8 tf

RALEIGH'S NEWS BUDGET.

Complaint Against the N. and S. Railroad. A Candidate for the Presidency—The State Farmers' Alliance.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 7.

Complaint is made by travelling men of the manner in which the Norfolk and Southern Railroad is carrying out the Jim Crow Car Law. The second class car is so divided that only six seats are given to white passengers and the rest of the car is assigned to negroes.

A Candidate for the Presidency.

Assistant Commissioner of Agriculture John W. Thompson to day received a letter from a man named DeVany, in Ohio, who says he is a candidate for the presidency in 1900 on a platform "to increase the 59 million acres of 90 cents wheat to 112 million acres of one dollar wheat and establish prosperity on a financial basis." He adds.

"If you will represent this Trust movement with the farmers of your State I will carry in your name, full paid, for value, trust certificates to amount of $100,000. In addition I will duplicate any political patronage named by you.

"We can win the presidential campaign in 1900 under one dollar wheat and ten cent cotton. We unite 8,000,000 farmers on one platform, also every railway and factory employe. We present a new issue—not a rehash of defeated theories."

Farmers' Alliance.

The State Farmers' Alliance meets to morrow at Hillsboro for a three days' session. The executive committee is in session to day.

A bid was to-day received by the State from Cuba for the proposed issue of bonds to purchase the penitentiary farms.

Replying to letters from the State Treasurer relative to the use of non-transferable and non-redeemable "trade checks" and other scrip, the Attorney General says: "It is the duty of the grand jury of the county or the solicitor to see that such infractions of the law are not permitted."

The Secretary of State to-day incorporated the Mt. Airy Lumber and Manufacturing Company, with a capital stock of $35,000 to $500,000. The incorporators are Walter H. Tunis, J. D. Ninnick, G. T. Deaton and W. T. Poole, of Mt. Airy, and Theopilus Tunis, of Baltimore.

The Victor Fire Company, thirty strong, left here this morning for Washington, N. C., to attend the Colored Firemen's Association and take part in the tournament.

Carpenters began work this morning enlarging the offices of the Corporation Commission.

FAYETTEVILLE NEWS ITEMS.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., August 5.

Our town has been much saddened by the death of Mr. Ed. Page, which occurred here yesterday afternoon. Mr. Page was well known in society circles in Fayetteville, and was one of the most popular young men ever reared here. For several years he had been in the employ of the Atlantic Coast Line at this place. His remains were carried to Smithfield for interment to-day, which place will be the future home of his people.

One of the latest improvements in the town is the handsome and up to-date sanitarium recently erected and equipped by Drs. Marsh and Highsmith. The building is an elegant three-story brick structure, heated with hot water and containing every modern appliance for the successful treatment of various chronic diseases. This will be one of the leading institutions of its kind in the South, and one of which our growing town greatly feels proud.

Charlie Hall, colored, who for many years has been porter for Hotel LaFayette and well known to the travelling men, died suddenly this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Mrs. Terry Again.

Charlotte *Observer*, 6th: "'Squire T. A. Austin found more trouble yesterday. He went home and found his wife and their daughter, Mrs. W. R. Terry, in a dispute about sending Mrs. Terry's children to the Rescue Home, Mrs. Terry, who works at one of the pants factories, wishing to send them, Mrs. Austin objecting. Austin took a hand in the dispute and got so angry at his daughter that he jumped on her and beat her up pretty badly. The police were called in, Officers Jetton and Roberts responding. They summoned Austin to court in the morning. By this rucus he forfeits a peace bond which he was under.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M.

REGULAR MONTHLY COMMUNICATION this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend.

WM. M. POISSON, Secretary.

aug 8 1t

FOR RENT from October 1st, that very desirable store

Now occupied by The Fishblate Clothing Company. Apply to DONALD MACRAE. Bell 'Phone 347

jy 28 tf tu th

CARS TO HILTON PARK

Daily

From 5.00 to 10.00 P. M.

aug 6 3t

We Can and Will

We Can

Sell you goods in our line of best quality and we can make prices much lower than some would-be competitors, and we guarantee full satisfaction.

We Will

Give you such odds as will enable you to increase your business if you offer them to the consumer—instead of trying to meet some low quality and price competitor. Far-seeing merchants don't practice this short sighted policy. We sell

Winchester Hams and Picnics.
Squire's Pig Bellies,
"Seal" brand Leaf Lard
and all kinds Canned Meats.

WE ARE OVERRUN WITH ORDERS FOR
"Cuban Blossom"..... 5c Cigar
"Santa Bana,"..... 5c Cigar
"El Capitan General"....10c Cigar

We carry all brands Cheroots and Cigarettes and solicit your enquiries.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN.

jy 2 tf

GERMANIA.

PORTLAND CEMENT,
HOFFMAN ROSINDALE CEMENT,
ANCHOR LINE.

STANDARD BAGGING,
STANDARD TIES.

Virginia Water Ground Meal.

BEST GROCERIES,
BEST PRICES,
BEST TERMS.

THE WORTH CO.

jy 14 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE
FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.

au 1 tf

Mortgage Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of mortgage made and executed by Prince C. Nixon and Gracie Ann Nixon to the Trustees of the Cape Fear Fire Engine Company No. 3 of the City of Wilmington, duly recorded in book 12, pages 637 et seq. of the records of New Hanover county, which was for value assigned to the undersigned on the 8th day of January, 1896 the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will expose for sale on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, at the Court House door of the county of New Hanover, in Wilmington, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property in said deed of mortgage.

1st Lot. Beginning at a point in the eastern line of 12th street 132 feet south from its intersection with the southern line of Wooster street and running thence southwardly along the said western line of 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet, thence north and parallel with 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, Block 56.

2nd Lot. Beginning at the southeastern intersection of 14th and Chesnut streets, and running thence east along the southern line of Chesnut street 165 feet, thence south parallel with 14th street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Chesnut street 165 feet to the eastern line of 14th street, and thence north along said line of said street 66 feet to the beginning.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1899.

CHARITY HENRY.
By John D. Bellamy, Attorney. au 8 3t

Have Just Received for Monday's Trade.

FANCY SOFT PEACHES FOR CREAM, FANCY DELAWARE AND NIAGARA GRAPES, FLORIDA PINEAPPLES AND

ALSO A NICE LINE OF CHOCOLATE CANDY

20c to 40c per lb.

TRY A SAMPLE POUND.
'PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR ICE CREAM.

JNO. W. PLUMMER, Jr.

aug 6 tf

To the Public.

The J. L. Hill Printing Co. announces that the canvass for names of the residence districts for their forthcoming City Directory of Wilmington will soon be completed. Their solicitors will shortly begin their canvass in the business part of the city. The work will be carefully and conscientiously done by men of many years experience, and the public are assured of a most worthy and useful publication. In view of this fact and that it has the substantial endorsement of many leading citizens, they respectfully ask the support of the merchants and professional men generally.

The public are also earnestly requested to notify us if any contemplated changes of residence, dissolution of firms or any other information in our line, which they desire should be properly presented, by sending same to our Wilmington manager, General Delivery.

Respectfully,
J. L. HILL PRINTING CO.
A. J. BRAUNE,
Manager Wilmington Branch.
au 6 3t

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON. N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 8.

"OUTLAW" THE SILVER DOLLAR.

There evidently is a determined purpose by the gold power which so largely controls the Republican party to "outlaw" silver and if possible put it beyond the power of the American people to use it as a full legal tender money for paying debts. Practically this has been the position held by the representatives of the Republican party in administering the finances of the Government, and the only reason why the Republican leaders have not openly declared against the silver dollar and advocated "outlawing" it, as some of the gold organs now do, is because they fear that this would do damage to the party by thus throwing off the double standard disguise, in which they have been proforming. That party is as fully committed to the bimetallism, if is declarations mean anything, as any party was ever committed to anything. Its platform declarations, the recommendations in Presidential messages, the monetary commissions sent abroad and their reports, not to speak of the frequent utterances of its representative men in and out of Congress, all show that beyond question, but now that the Republican party is in control of both Houses of Congress, and has its President to do the will of the gold dictators these organs argue that it should seize the opportunity to outlaw silver, utterly regardless of party pledges, platform declarations, or the utterances of the representative men of the party who are on record as advocates and defenders of bimetallism.

The organs took up this cry some time ago, and the gold men have begun to get in their work in Republican State conventions by making them declare in favor of the "outlawing" programme.

The New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* is not a partisan paper, but it speaks for the gold men, and being nonpartisan and caring not a continental for parties, provided it can carry out the financial plans of the interests it represents, it speaks more plainly, candidly and boldly than the political organ does, which keeps an eye on the political aspects while it discusses proposed measures. Urging the Republican representatives in Congress to seize the opportunity to "outlaw" the silver dollar, it essays to allay their fears by representing that they have as much or more to gain politically by such action, than they would lose. It presents its views in an editorial in a recent issue, from which we make the following extract. After referring to the "timidity" of some of the Republican politicians, it says:

"The funadmental fact is that the Republican party is already so far committed to the maintenance of the single gold standard that it cannot hope for any support worth speaking of from cheap money men. The silverites who have put up with its plain declaration of principle are not going to desert it now because it declares in favor of the necessary means of putting that principle into practice. The Republican party has more to gain now from securing the unqualified support of all the sound money elements in the country than it has to lose by alienating the very small cheap money element that has thus far reluctantly clung to it.

"It is idle to attempt to obscure the need of legislation outlawing the silver dollar. That coin is still a lawful coin; a legal tender, and it is a standard, so far as the law can make a standard, together with a gold dollar. We have legally the double standard; practically we have not, because the double standard is practically impossible. The rightfulness of outlawing the silver standard coin and affirming the gold standard coin as the only lawful measure of value rests upon the fact that the gold dollar has been by the universal practice of trade the standard or measure of value for about sixty-five years, with the partial exception of the paper money period. It was gold payments that were suspended in 1861 and resumed in 1879, and during the interim the Government paid interest in gold on much the greater part of the debt and prices varied according to the relation of the greenback to hold. In affirming the single gold standard, therefore, the law would merely recognize an enlisting fact; it would make no change in commercial usage; it would make no alteration in prices and values and obligations. But with the law as it stands, an Administration favorable to cheap money, or timid about employing the means of maintaining the status quo, could easily substitute the long obsolete silver standard, and throw all commerce into choas by upsetting every value, and changing the obligation of every contract. There is a pressing need for legislation on this point, and party interest as well as political principal lays upon the Administration party the obligation to eliminate the silver standard from the law books. When that is done it will hardly be necessary to make any declaration in the platform of the party next year on this particular point, but the party may be brave enough by that time to declare in favor of further necessary measures of financial reform.

This is pretty blunt, but it doesn't strike all the Republican organs as the wise or patriotic thing to do. The New York *Sun* is also a gold organ and is as rabidly Republican now as it was vigorously Democratic before it became a renegade, making the gold question an excuse for its desertion from the Democratic party. It keeps an eye on gold but keeps another eye on politics, and thus takes issue with its commercial contemporary, which doesn't give much thought to the politics in the case. Under the heading "The Silver Bugbear" it says:

"From the proposition it advanced last Tuesday that, with the law as it stands, a silverite Administration could, if it so pleased, substitute the silver standard for gold in this country, the *Journal of Commerce* yesterday silently retreated and set up a new bugbear in the shape of the danger of an addition to the currency of the mass of silver dollars which might be coined out of the silver bullion held in the Treasury for the redemption of the Sherman notes of 1890. Here again it exhibits a childish dread of an imaginary danger, and an ignorance of financial law.

"The currency of the United States, other than gold, consists of $346,000,000 old legal tenders, $480,000,000 silver dollars and silver certificates, $93,000,000 Treasury notes of 1890, and $241,000,000 national bank notes, making a total of $1,160,000. Against the $93,000,000 of notes of 1890, the Treasury holds silver bullion, coined and uncoined, to an equal amount, but the uncoined silver would, if it were coined, produce. say 130,000,000 dollars, 93,000,000 of which would have to be used to retire the Treasury notes, and 37,000,000 would be seigniorage, so that the total of the country's currency would be raised to $1,197,000,000, instead of $1,160,000,000 as at present. This trivial addition of $37,000.000, the *Journal of Commerce* contends, would cause a depreciation of the whole of the country's $1,197,000,000 currency, a hoarding of gold, and utter confusion in business. How silly the proposition is, needs no argument for its demonstration.

"Furthermore, in the face of its concession on Tuesday that the gold standard now exists, the *Journal of Commerce* repeats its demand for legistion 'making legally, what there is commercially, only one standard.' It shuts its eyes to the fact that gold is now legally as well as commercially the only standard, and its clamor for fresh legislation has no excuse."

The *Sun* isn't entirely in accord with the financial manipulators in its party, for it is opposed to retiring the greenbacks, believes the greenbacks ought to stay, and that there ought to be more of them instead of less. In this, however, the *Sun* is more consistent than it has been in other matters, for it was once a Greenback organ and supported the Greenback candidate for the Presidency. It is probably not any more sincere now in its opposition to the policy of "outlawing" the silver dollar than it was in its advocacy of Democracy a few years ago, for it talks from a political standpoint and fears the effect of such a radical course by the party which is so fully committed to bimetallism. But the silver dollar will be "outlawed" if the Republicans deem it a safe thing to do.

ROOSEVELT ROT.

Governor Roosevelt, of New York, is quoted as saying:

"We put our pick into the rotten foundations of the Spanish government, both in the East and the West Indies. We tumbled the building down in as righteous a war as was ever undertaken. Now, if we are worth our place among the great nations of the earth, we must see to it that the ruins are cleared away and the temple of justice and honesty reared in their place."

This sounds very well, but it is more sound than anything else. Taken by itself it might be understood to mean that having tumbled the rotton Spanish governmental structure we are bound to erect a respectable one and a good one, but that is not, with expansionists like Roosevelt, so much the question as to who shall occupy and govern the structure after it is erected. We are pledged to see law and order established in Cuba, and although we are under no such pledge as to the Philippines, having "put our pick into the rotton foundations of the Spanish government," we may have assumed the task of giving something better in its place.

As to Cuba there does not seem to be at present any contention, but as to the Philippines not content with "putting our pick in the rotten foundations of the Spanish Government" we followed that up with a lavish exhibition of generosity and paid Spain $20,000,000 for the "ruins" and that's where the trouble began, for instead of setting about erecting a "temple of justice and honesty" we claimed by virtue of this $20,000,000 deal to own the whole layout, and to have acquired the lawful right to run it in our own way regardless of the wishes or interests of the people who did more in the pick-putting-in business than we did. Roosevelt talks well, and so does an auctioneer. But when confronted by the facts and the real issue, Roosevelt's talk is only talk, that's all.

A GROWING INDUSTRY.

Notwithstanding the fact that the output of iron is growing larger and larger annually, and that the output of the past year far exceeded that of any previous year, the world is now threatened with an iron famine, the demand running far ahead of the supply. The reason for this is not in the exhaustion of iron deposits, or the stoppage of mining or anything of that kind, but is found in the extraordinary activity in railroad building, the construction of steel vessels instead of wooden ones, and the various other ways in which iron and steel have taken the place of wood. One of these is the building of steel railway cars to take the place of wooden cars, which is becoming one of the great industries of this country, and probably soon will be in Europe. Referring to this, the following from the Philadelphia *Record* is interesting, as showing the rapid and prospective growth of this industry:

"Since the announcement that the Carnegie Company has agreed to furnish a thousand tons of steel plates a day, for ten years to the Pressed Steel Car Company many passengers on trains have, no doubt, been scanning the same more carefully to see if they can discover pressed steel cars; and they have probably found such vehicles as 'scarce as hen's teeth'—to use an expressive slang phrase. Such persons may well ask, in astonishment: "Where are the pressed steel cars the construction of which consumes such enormous quantities of steel?" Four years ago the pressed steel car industry was unknown. To-day the Pennsylvania Railroad Company owns over 3,000 steel cars; the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has about 6,000, and nearly every company of importance in the country has some of them.

"No passenger cars have as yet been built of pressed steel—unless, possibly, one or two for trial—but all of the newest and largest coal and ore car rying cars are constructed of this metal. The cost of a pressed steel car is at present greater than that of the wooden cars; but the weigh of the former in proportion to its carrying capacity is much less than that of the latter, and its life is estimated to be much longer. The largest size wooden car carries 70,000 pounds and weighs 35,000 pounds, the weight of the empty car being 50 per cent. of the weight of the load. The steel car carries a load of 100,000 pounds and weighs the same as the wooden car, which carries only 70,000. The ratio of weight of the steel car to its load is 32.27 per cent., instead of 50 per cent. The average life of a wooden car is fifteen years, and repairs cost about $35 a year. The estimated life of the pressed steel car is fifty years, and the cost of repairing it does not exceed $15 a year.

A recent statement shows that three years ago the steel car industry was in its infancy; two and a half years ago it employed about 1,000 hands, and to-day there are 10,000 employes engaged in making these cars. As an evidence of the rapid development of a great business from a small beginning the history of the pressed steel car industry is unparrelled; and the contract recently announced for the delivery to the makers of these cars of one thousand tons of steel plates a day for ten years will doubtless be herald in Europe as well as in this country as the most astonishing of all the startling events which have occurred in the American industrial world in the past three years. It will show our foreigh friends that, instead of having exhausted our resources by overexertion, we have only just begun to develop them.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The story of the prospective alliance between Japan and China is a probable fake. When Japan wants an ally she will look out for a better one than poor, old, flabbergasted, crumbling China. Japan is no fool.—*Atlanta Journal Dem.*

—— The heretofore true blue and ever-to-be-depended-upon New York *Tribune* has been recently "nagging" the administration, and thereby hangs out a tale—Mr. McKinley has become too thick with Boss Platt, of New York.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

—— In his speech to the people of Detroit on Wednesday last General Alger declared: "I can truthfully say I had from the President all the support he could give me." The retired Secretary should have gone further and told just how far the Presidential upholding of the Algeresque mismanagement of the War Department extended.—*Philadelphia Recard, Dem.*

—— It is true that there are some trusts in England and that some of them flourish, too; but they are not protected by a tariff as they are here, and if they put up the price of goods to an extortionate point, the consumer can get relief by buying the foreign article. So long as competition exists, trusts are not dangerous; but, when competition is killed, both laborer and consumer are at the mercy of the combinations; and, under such conditions, the tendency is toward the combination of all capital in one gigantic universal trust; witness the capture of railroads, gas and electric lighting plants, etc., by the Standard Oil Trust.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, August 12-13.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, August 15.
Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 22.
Burgaw, Burgaw, August 26-27.
Magnolia, Centenary, September 2-3.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, September 10-11.
Southport, September 17-18.
Whiteville, Terro Gordo, September 23 24.
Waccamaw, Old Dock, September 25.
Brunswick, Zion, September 30-October 1.
Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth, Singletaries, October 14-15.

B. F. BUMPAS,
Presiding Elder.

— "Won't it be delightful when we all have flying machines?" "I don't know about that; of course, our creditors will all have them, too."—*Tid-Bits.*

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Danbury *Reporter:* A posse of revenue officers, numbering about twenty, arrived here Monday evening about dark and went on a raid up in northern Stokes Tuesday morning before daylight. They cut to pieces six stills and nine stands of beer and poured out several barrels of liquor. They visited ten still sites, finding only six stills. James Taylor and William Smith were captured and brought back here and placed in jail. Smith has since given bond for his appearance at court and was released.

— Charlotte *News:* Ex-Attorney General W. A. Barber passed through Charlotte last night returning to New York. To a *News* reporter Mr. Barber stated that the majority of the stock and bonds of the Carolina and Northwestern railroad were on yester day transferred to him as attorney. While Mr. Barber would not state who the purchasers were, he did say that he represented certain New York parties. Mr. Barber intimated that the road would probably, in the near future, be changed to a broad guage and extended across the mountains from Lenoir to Cranberry, N. C. This is just what Charlotte people have wished for. If the New York syndicates who have just come in possession of this road will carry out this plan, it will give our people something they have dreamed of—a railroad to Blowing Rock. Mr. Barber is of the opinion that this extension will be made at an early day.

— Newton *Enterprise:* A friend tells us that he passed the field where Mr. Quince Yount was at work Tuesday and found him plowing with one mule and in another part of the field the other mule was harrowing entirely by itself. It made all the turns and did the work just as nicely as if it had a driver. —— Hickory and vicinity has been very much interested since the first of last week over the disappearance of Mr. D. E. Whitener. He was executor of Henry Hawn and later of the widow of Henry Hawn. He had collected something like $1,000 or $1,500 belonging to the estate, and some of the parties interested having insisted on his giving bond, he promised to come to Newton on Tuesday of last week and give bond. On Monday night he took the vestibule train for the West. Whether he took the money with him or spent it before he left is not known. But he wrote to Mr. John Yoder of this place from Knoxville, to whom he owed an account, that he had only a hundred dollars with him. Proceedings to attach his property have been begun.

—Charlotte *Observer:* Mark Hanna, who was employed in the *Observer* building, up to two weeks ago, is dead. Mark was a negro about 25 years old, who drifted in some months ago from Bowling Green, S. C., and got a job because just at that particular time a job was waiting for a man like Mark. Two weeks ago Mark appeared at the office "ailing." He said that a negro woman with whom he had boarded had given him something to eat that made him sick, and insisted that he had been hoodooed by her. In all seriousness he announced that it was all up with him, and that he was going back to Bowling Green to die. Then he left and the boys in the office paid but little attention to his hoodoo story, supposing that Mark had only wanted to get rid of his job and had faked it up for the occasion. Yesterday, however, news came that the negro had died according to programme. He went to Bowling Green under the spell of the hoodoo, and told his folks the same story that he told before leaving Charlotte. Then he went to bed, and Thursday he died. Mark's friends place considerable faith in his story, and are firmly convinced that the Charlotte hoodoo woman killed him. That portion of the colored population that has been placed in possession of the facts is greatly stirred up over the affair.

TWINKLINGS.

— "When will your new frocks be done, Amelia?" "I don't know; my dressmaker is very reserved and has not yet taken me into her confidence."—*Chicago News.*

— "Look how the bookkeeper is smiling." "Has his salary been raised?" "No; the stenographer is letting him brag on his home-grown tomatoes."—*Chicago Record.*

— "Is the cashier out?" he asked, as he looked around. "No," replied the president, as he glanced up from an examination of the books, "the cashier is not out; it's the bank that's out."—*Chicago Post.*

— Mrs. Pruder—"The French are a very polite people, but I am sorry to say they are far from being regular in their habits." Mr. Whimsey—"And their verbs are rather irregular, too."—*Boston Transcript.*

— "Have you ever run down a clew?" asked the disgusted citizen. "Run down a clew!" exclaimed the detective. "Well, I should think not. Clews are my best friends. Why should I run them down?"—*Chicago Post.*

— "Suppose you write an article on the decline of British humor. Mr. Snickers," said the editor. "I beg your pardon, sir," replied the funny man, "but I think you are a much better authority on the subject. You decline more British humor than any other man I know."—*Tit-Bits.*

—"Eh, Philbrick, just heard from your wife?" "Yes." "Well, what are you looking so sour about? Is she coming home?" "No. It's the way she ends her letter. Listen: 'From your loving wife, dear, and don't forget to wash the dog!'"—*Chicago Evening Post.*

— Hope Springs Eternal: Podsnip (meeting elderly person)—"By Jove! Is it possible? My old school teacher. By the way, do you remember that you said when I was in your class that I'd die on the gallows?" Elderly Person—"Well, you'r not dead yet."—*Philadelphia North American.*

Built Like a Shark.

A ship repairer who has a shop fronting the river and near the Lake Street bridge has conceived something new in his methods for propelling boats. In his shop he has a boat nearly completed which resembles a man eating shark. It is 18 feet in length, as narrow as a racing boat and designed to hold one person. The tail and fins, which are elastic plates, act precisely like those of a fish and are manipulated by internal mechanism.

The principal advantage claimed for the boat is the small amount of force required to propel it, for when the plates are moved and bend the action of the water on the convex part will produce a push forward, when they spring back by virtue of their elasticity, and another push will result, thus to a large extent utilizing the movement of the waves. If this invention proves successful, next summer will probably see the park lakes dotted with vessels looking more like marine creatures than pleasure craft.—Chicago News.

A Chip of the Old Block.

Crimsonbeak—Owen Moore's son was in to see me today.

Yeast—Indeed! Doesn't he remind you of his father?

"Very much. He wanted to borrow $5."—Yonkers Statesman.

THE PINK LADY.

On a summer evening not so long ago the brightest, prettiest, daintiest (some said "wickedest," but that was a libel), most bewitching, coquettish, mischievous, good hearted girl in Hovemouth stood before the mirror in her bedroom at the hotel, gathering the billowy folds of her pink muslin frock about her waist by means of a satin sash and looking back at her reflection as she did so. On her head was a pink triumph—in other words, a shady hat—in her eyes lay a twinkle of mischief, and her chiffon sunshade lay on the bed.

A few minutes later, fully equipped, Miss Mary Girlington passed through the vestibule. There was a travel worn trunk in one corner with two initials on it, on which her eyes flickered with a gleam of satisfaction; then she stepped into the garden and on down the cliff path leading to the beach. When this was reached, she slackened pace, sauntering, as if to breathe ozone were her only object in life.

The tide was out, the beach was deserted save for a shrimper far out by the rock pools, the sand was smooth and yellow, as tempting to the ferrule of a sunshade as a sheet of fair paper to a scribbler. At any rate the temptation seemed too great for the ferrule of Miss Girlington's sunshade. With a nonchalant air she prodded and scooped little tunnels in it; then, with elaborate carelessness, she trailed the pretty unshade up and down in something a trifle more shapely. When this was done, she gave a surreptitious glance of her merry eyes toward the cliff path, then sauntered on across the beach, trailing her sunshade as she went.

Soon after a second figure came down the cliff path to the beach. A man this time of moderate height, honest features and tanned complexion. He strolled along aimlessly, smoking a cigar and looking alternately out to sea and at the surrounding scenery.

"It's good to be in England for a time,' he thought, 'and free and idle in a little place where no one knows or cares whether you're a power in the land or a trupper from town. But I wonder what fate led me here of all places in the world."

Then, like the pink lady, he sauntered on, but now his eyes were on the ground, and he prodded with his stick as he went. When, however, he reached the spot where the smoothness had been already ruffled, his thoughts received a jerk. There were two great letters written in the sand, and half consciously he stopped to read them. Then suddenly he stepped back and gazed again.

"That's odd," he muttered at length, and his face flushed, and his eyes were interested. "It's nothing, of course. But S. F.! It's a queer coincidence." Then he noted the small footprints and the trail of the sunshade, and unhesitatingly he followed them.

At the end of the trail he found the pink lady—the daintiest little person he had ever seen, and he stood abashed before her as she looked up with wide, innocent eyes as if half startled at the intrusion. But he did not turn away.

"I—I beg your pardon," he stammered. "I hope you don't think it disrespectful or extraordinary of me to speak to you like this without introduction?"

"I have been led to believe it is natural," she said demurely.

His grave eyes twinkled. He felt eager as a boy.

"I must tell you that I had been ordered home for a rest from India—not ill, you know, but fagged; that I did not want to come much and did not know where to go; that while traveling along today I saw the sea here and left the train and came to it. Thought I would be led by fate for awhile. I wondered if fate were playing cup and ball with me."

"Fate is no respecter of persons," she said deprecatingly, but with a brilliant smile.

"This evening," he continued, "I took my first stroll on the beach, and there, on a spot I have never set eyes on before, I saw my own initials written on the sand." Miss Girlington looked up with innocent interest from under her shady brim. "Stretching far away from those letters was a faint trail across the sand, and at the end of that trail—you."

"Well!" said Miss Girlington in wonderment. "How strange! Were there really letters?"

"Really letters—S. F. My name is Stephen Fortescue," he volunteered.

"Stephen Fortescue! The — the — great"—

"Yes," he said hurriedly. "I suppose they say so."

"Well, I never!" she exclaimed in soft excitement.

"That is my excuse and my apology for addressing you. It seemed as if fate"—

"Had taken to sand copy books?" she queried.

"Or sat at the end of the final flourish,' he suggested boldly.

"Oh!" said Miss Girlington. She did not dislike the boldness, but it was unexpected. "S. F.," she said musingly.

"You wrote my initials, and I came,' he said gently.

"I think—I think I only meant 'Set Fair,'" she objected. "I noticed the barometer as I came through the vestibule."

"Well," he said thoughtfully. "'Pon my word, I don't think it matters—Stephen Fortescue or Set Fair. The point is that you wrote it, and I came. May I sit down, please?"

The tide was still out. The shrimper was far away. The beach was deserted. But the man was so honest and winning, and, after all, it was fate's doing, so she crumpled her pink billows and gave permission as graciously as if the rock had been her private opera box.

* * * * * * *

MY DEAR NANCY—Fancy my never having written to you since that day when I saw you off and we both saw a certain great man's baggage at the station. Well, my dear, he did come to the hotel, and I did put on that pink frock, and I did—well, all that I vowed I would do to prove that not all the pretty girls go to India, and—oh—well, of course, we got on all right, and I fully meant to tell him—when we'd become great friends—that I had known about his coming and really tried to captivate him just for a joke. But somehow I don't think I will, after all. There wasn't much fun in it really; these things sound stale when they're described. When are you coming to spend another day? Ever yours,

MOLLY.

P. S.—I've done such a ridiculous thing. I'm almost ashamed to tell you. I've fallen really in love with him! And we're to be married in October! The pretty girls do seem to go to India, don't they? It's too annoying!

M. G.

—Lillian Quiller Couch in Lloyd's News.

Not to the Swift.

"That brother-in-law of yours," asked the old friend—"what became of him? He had a bright future before him."

"Yes, he had," sighed the other old friend, "but he outran it."—Philadelphia Call.

Electricity is estimated to give employment to 5,000,000 persons in the civilized world.

It Couldn't Be Done.

An individual with considerably more lung power than was agreeable to his hearers was hawking fish the other morning in a northern town.

"Fine fresh herrin—fower a penny, ' he roared in a fashion that made the windows rattle.

A woman approached the barrow and eyed the fish with a certain amount of suspicion, which, considering the circumstances, was not unnatural.

"Are they fresh?" she demanded, with a suspicious sniff.

"They're fower a penny, mum," was the guarded reply.

"Yes," responded the other with a touch of sarcasm, "I think I 'eard yer say so But are they fresh?"

"For aught I know, mum, they is."

"When wor they cotched?"

This was too much, and, adopting the sarcastic style of his questioner, the hawker replied:

"Can't say for sartain, mum. I applied for the birth an death stificate of every fish on the barrer, but at fower a penny, it simply couldn't be done!

"'Ere y'are! Fower a penny, herrin "—London Answers.

The Magic Whirlpool.

Fill a glass tumbler with water, throw upon its surface a few fragments or thin shavings of camphor, and they will instantly begin to move and acquire a motion both progressive and rotary, which will continue for a considerable time. If the water be touched by any greasy substance, the floating particles will dart back and, as if by a stroke of magic, be instantly deprived of their motion and vivacity.

O DEA CERTE.

First and foremost in the list
Of what's fashioned to be kiss
Comes a wee and winsome thing,
Whom 'tis fated I should sing.
Half of sunbeam, half of air,
Quaint and saucy, free and fair,
Seen through mist of golden hair.
With a lip that nothing is
But an everlasting kiss;
Hath a score of pretty wiles
And an armory of smiles;
Eyes that shoot a thousand glances,
Quicker than the sunlight dances;
Dewy eyes of radiant mirth,
Eyes not wholly used to earth,
That espy with fond delight
Vision hid from duller sight.
Ask her what that vision be;
She will laugh aloud for glee.
Loving is she spite herself,
Pretty, little, pranking elf!
And she loves me; therefore I
Sing her praise eternally.

—From "Poems," by E. A. Coleridge.

MEXICO'S QUEEREST CITY.

Catorce, So Named Because It Was the Stronghold of Robbers.

Eight miles due east over the mountains from Catorce station, on the Mexican National railroad, is the city of that name, a city along whose steep, winding streets neither wagon nor cart, neither stage nor bus, nor any other wheeled vehicle was ever known to pass, although it has often boasted of a population of 40,000 souls.

The city takes its name from once being the stronghold and the property of a band of fourteen of the most daring, desperate, dangerous and successful robbers that ever laid tribute on roads of Mexico. They discovered and for many years worked the rich deposits of silver that abound in this entire section of the country, deposits the value of which, if current report be true, for hundreds of years outrivaled the mythical riches related of Ophir. Strange to relate, every piece of machinery, every pound of freight and every passenger to and from Catorce is transported today, as for centuries past, either on the backs of men or mules.

Catorce is one of the most interesting places in Mexico. Here are found the customs of Mexico in their purity, unaffected by the influence of the stranger. Difficult of access, the town can be reached only by horseback or on foot. Catorce has seldom been visited by any except those making business trips. The ride up the mountains into the town is something, once accomplished, always to be remembered, partly from its element of personal peril, but more because of the beauty of the landscape encountered at every turn. Glancing down as you near your journey's end, you catch a gleam of the white walls of Los Catorce outlined against the green of the mountain side. Thousands of feet below shimmer the waters of a mountain stream. The shifting coloring of the mountains as light and shade chase each other over their rugged expanse, the browns and greens of the valley below and the hills in the hazy distance are "beautiful exceedingly."

The Real de Catorce is built on the side of a ravine near the top of the range, and has a varying population of from 8,000 to 40,000, as the mines are paying well or poorly. Here are found all varieties of silver ore from carbonates to refractory ore assaying $15,000 to the ton. Catorce has a fine cathedral, richly decorated, and a pretty plaza, the only level spot in the place. To use a railroad phrase, it is a combination of cut and fill, so that to tumble into it on one side and out on the other would be extremely disastrous. The streets are neatly paved and run up and down hill, many of them at an angle of 45 degrees. Altogether this is one of the show places of Mexico.—Modern Mexico.

Palestine a Railroad Center.

There are three great world railways in process of construction now, two of which have their central meeting place in Palestine. Whoever, therefore, holds Palestine in the future commands the chief lines of communication by sea and land. In three years' time one will be able to enter a train at Ostend and go right through to Port Arthur, and in five years one will travel by rail from the Cape to Alexandria. The third great line is from Constantinople via Palestine, Persia, India and Burma to Hongkong.—San Francisco Chronicle.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	20
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	90
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	10	@	13½
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	8	@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	13
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	52	@	53½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	2¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	19 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 120 ℔ Sacks		@	67½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼	@	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmo		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	5 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	00
WOOL per ℔—Unwashed	15	@	17

Beware of Imitations!

Consumers should beware of the cheap and inferior washing powders said to be just as good as

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WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
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DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
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R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of **desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.**

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Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80 acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

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A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

In Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; six-teen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 30 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting rail road, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

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Our New Quarters.

Being now comfortably fixed in our new location, No. 7 South Front street, we are prepared to do all work in our line in a satisfactory manner. Our Barber Shop is first-cass in every respect.

ED. GUION,
CORNELIUS DAVIS.

jy 26 tf

A SPEAKING COW.

"What's the matter with old Asunga, Tom?" asked Crooked Necked Jim. "He seems terrible down on you; says he's going to fine all your family for planting taro on Sunday."

Asunga was the native magistrate, who was supposed to exercise police jurisdiction over the whole of the little isle.

"Asunga be blowed!" replied Blind Tom. "It's all about that cow joke I played on him a couple of years ago. He's been trying to get at me ever since."

"Oh, the cow!" replied Jim, chuckling, and with that the two burst into roars of laughter.

Tom had gone blind through drinking too much green kava, while Jim, who had been a sailor in his youth, had given his neck a permanent twist by incautiously falling down a hatchway. Hence his nickname.

"You want to know about the cow?" said Tom in response to my urgent appeal for enlightenment. "Well, it's an old story hereabouts, but seeing that you're a stranger I don't mind telling you about it.

"It was in this way: About a couple of years ago old Asunga, he's the magistrate for the island, you know, got very nasty toward me because one of my young men had run away with a girl from his family. It wasn't my fault, because I had nothing to do with the young people's love affairs, but still Asunga blamed me. He waited for his chance, and one day because some of my pigs got into the missionary's taro patch made me pay a heavy fine. I was not to blame, because the stone fence around the missionary's land was out of repair, but still I had to pay the fine or else lose all the trade of the village.

"It was my turn next. I waited for my chance. The missionary had a cow, and one day that cow took a stroll round to my back veranda and made a good, substantial meal off a bunch of bananas and a basket of yams which had just been given me.

"I found Asunga sitting in his house, holding the usual fono. 'Asunga,' I said, 'some one has entered my grounds and stole a bunch of bananas and a basket of yams from my back veranda.'

"'Well, who is the offender?' asked Asunga.

"'The thief,' I replied, 'was Moo, the missonary's cow. She came into my garden and did $10 worth of damage besides eating the bananas and yams.'

"Tala, the missionary, was a great friend of Asunga's, and I knew that he would never have granted a warrant against his friend. So I put it on the cow.

"'Moo may be guilty,' he said, 'but how can a cow be arrested. She cannot speak or give evidence on her behalf?'

"I had my answer ready for him. 'Is it not recorded in the Scripture,' I said, 'that Baalam's ass spoke, and are we to disbelieve the Bible?'

"So at last Asunga reluctantly gave orders for the arrest of Moo on a charge of petty larceny, and the hearing of the case was fixed for the next morning.

"That night Moo was taken in charge by the one native policeman, and in default of a lockup for quadrupeds was moored to one of the side posts of Asunga's house. She revenged herself and provided occupation for the midnight hours by eating half the thatch off Asunga's roof, a circumstance which did not improve his temper when the court opened next morning.

"The trial was held in Asunga's house, which did duty as a courtroom when occasion required. The great round, beehive shaped structure was crowded with curious natives, and amid them Tala, who, in defiance of all the laws of justice, was doing his best to convince the natives that the miracle of Balaam's ass was effected only by direct divine interposition, and that a repetiton of it could not be expected in these latter days.

"And what was her evidence?" I asked.

"Ah, that's where Jim comes in! You go on, Jim, and finish the story."

"Oh, it was all easy enough!" said Jim, twisting his head round so that he looked right over his left shoulder. "You see, I was a bit of a ventriloquist in my youth, and I've not forgotten it all, either, like most of the other things I learned at school. And then I think the shape of my neck gives me an advantage.

"Well, the cow was brought up to the side of the house, and Asunga makes a long speech to her, though, being busy with the thatch over her head, she doesn't take notice very much. I took care to seat myself on the right hand side of the prisoner, so that the twist of my neck would give me an advantage in throwing my voice in her direction.

"At last after talking for about half an hour Asunga wound up: 'Moo, you are charged with knowingly eating a bunch of bananas and a basket of yams belonging to Blind Tom. What is your answer? Are you guilty or not guilty?'

"Just then it dawned upon Moo that something peculiar was going on, and she lowered her head and gave a plaintive bellow. It was the very opportunity I wanted, so, throwing my voice well over in her direction, I added, 'I did eat the bananas and yams, O All Asunga, but truly it was because Tala, my master, had given me no grass that day, and I knew not how to produce milk for the morrow.'

"You never saw any one so astonished as Tala. He felt his reputation for doctrinal knowledge tottering, and he hastened to come in out of the wet.

"'A miracle, a miracle!' he exclaimed. 'The Lord is with us! Moo speaks!'

"Asunga, though, somewhat to Tala's disgust, hastened to take the same view of the matter. He was not going to let Tala have all the fame of this wonderful miracle. 'It is certain,' he said, 'that Moo has confessed her guilt, but also she has shown that thou, Tala, art to blame.'

"Tala protested in vain against any complicity in Moo's sins.

"'The cow,' said Asunga, delivering his judgment, 'has confessed, and thou hast admitted that it is indeed a mircle. It is not for us to strive against the word of the Lord. Moo is fined 20 baskets of taro, and thou, her master, having kept her hungry, must pay the fine for her.'"

—J. F. Rose-Soley in Wave.

A Rather Knowing Dog.

A collie in Scotland is, a writer tells us, in the habit of fetching from his master's room slippers, cap, keys or anything he is sent for. One day, sent on the usual errand, he did not appear. His master followed and found that the door of the bedroom had blown to and that the dog was a prisoner. Some days later he was again told to fetch something, and as the wind was high his master after a few minutes' delay followed him. He found him in the act of fixing the door mat, which he had rolled up for the purpose, and, having taken this precaution, the prudent animal proceeded to look for the slippers.

Trick Jewelry.

All sorts of trick jewelry is to be found both for men and women. A sporting man has a representation of a favorite racer in a pin, and by pressing a tiny button it is set in motion and gallops along as natural as life. A humorous lawyer has a watch with a concealed reservoir of perfumery which can be sprayed into the face of a friend when it is being wound, if the owner so desires, and a woman with a heavy bracelet can give too inquisitive friends an electric shock. The up to date bracelet is quite heavy enough to allow the insertion of a battery.

But all these things are as nothing to the "Klondike tooth." It is a gold shell to fit on over a tooth, and the great delight of it is, as the vendor says, that it can be "slipped on and off 100 times a day."—New York Times.

To Abolish Potter's Field.

Mayor Quincy of Boston has suggested that the city should build a municipal crematory in which to incinerate the bodies of paupers, criminals and others whose burial devolves upon the city. The idea is to do away altogether with the potter's field. It is asserted that the city could cremate bodies at a cost of only $1 each, while it costs $3 to dig a grave. The present potter's field will be filled before the expiration of the present year. The burials now amount to about 500 a year and increase in number yearly.—Medical Record.

ODD FISHING IN CALIFORNIA.

Boy Angles on Horseback and Gets Pen and Ink From Fishes.

"Hi, there!" shouted a boy, very much out of breath, who had run up from the beach at San Diego, Cal., where the big rollers were piling in with a mighty roar.

"What is it?" yelled a stableman.

"Squids, millions of 'em. They're jest in the surf. Can't you lend me a horse?" gasped the boy.

"Is that so?" said the man. "Why," looking around, "here's a couple of ponies waiting. Jump on, and I'll go with you," and forthwith the two sprang into the saddles and dashed down to the beach.

"You can hook 'em right ashore," said the boy, and, leaping off the pony, he picked up from the beach where he had previously laid it, a bamboo rod about nine feet long that had a large hook at the end. Thus equipped, he moved down to the water's edge.

It had been blowing a heavy southeaster, and great waves were coming in, piling up long black masses of kelp that wound away like serpents over the sand. Here and there, just on the borders of the waves, were strange, uncanny looking creatures six or seven feet in length, with long, fingerlike tentacles and black, staring eyes. Some were high, dry and helpless; others were half in the water, waving their suckerlike tentacles as though imploring aid, while out in the waves others could be seen, either driven in by some large fish or beaten in by the sea.

"What good are they?" asked the stableman, who had never seen the animals.

"Good?" repeated the boy. "Why, it's fun catchin 'em, and I can sell the eyes and pen for 50 cents. Jest look at 'em, will you?" and, digging his feet into the reluctant broncho, he urged him into the surf, where, reaching down, he hooked on to something. A big wave splashed over his back, drenching him from head to foot, but he held on to the squid, and the broncho, though visibly alarmed at the hideous looking creature, dragged it out high and dry on the beach, where it lay pumping ink and water, its long arms coiling about like snakes.

After various excursions into the surf the boy, having with the aid of the stableman hauled the animals above high water mark, began to secure his treasures. Each squid had a pen—a long, opal tinted, translucent object, the model of a huge pen and holder 18 or 20 inches in length. This was found extending from the tip of the tail to the neck of the animal and served as a support, something like a backbone. But the squid is a squid, not a backboned animal. Next the huge eyes were taken out and the eyeball secured, which, after drying, resembled a pearl almost as large as a marble. Then the young fisherman produced a bag of ink from the body of the animal, which he said was india ink. This was true, and at one time this sepia was the only india ink known. The pen of some species of the animal is the cuttlefish bone of commerce, given to canary birds. These treasures the young fisherman later sold to tourists and curiosity dealers.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Prominent Citizenship.

"I suppose you are one of the prominent citizens of the place?" said the stranger.

"No; to tell the truth I am not," answered the prosperous looking man. "I am just about half a one. I sit on the platform occasionally at a public meeting, and I subscribe to some of the funds and occasionally can be found among the guarantors of an opera season. But I am not a full fledged prominent citizen yet. Sometimes I skip one or two of these features and in other ways show that I haven't the welfare of the city entirely at heart. And, besides that, I once consented, at the earnest solicitation of my neighbors, to run for an office in which there was neither special honor nor profit, and you know very well that no prominent citizen would ever do that."—Chicago Post.

The Newspaper.

Father reads the paper
When he comes home at night.
"To find out all the news," he says.
And I suppose he's right;
Yet, when I asked, he hadn't read
That Bob, our butcher's cat, was dead.
—Annie B. Jones in St. Nicholas.

ROSEBUDS

Budding womanhood! What glorious possibilities! What half-hidden dangers! What a time for tender sympathy! At puberty nature generally makes some attempt to establish physical regularities, but when nature fails to assert itself, developments result which injure the health and impair the constitution of the maiden. The timely use of Bradfield's Female Regulator, the standard remedy for all weaknesses and irregularities peculiar to women, is what retarded nature needs in all such cases. Sold by druggists for $1. Books for women free.

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MORGAN'S RIFLEMEN.

We Had Some Famous Marksmen In Revolutionary War Times.

At Fredericktown, Md., and Lancaster, Pa., the men of Cresap's company gave exhibitions of their astonishing skill with the rifle. After shooting by turns at a piece of paper the size of a dollar nailed on a blackened board 60 yards distant and generally hitting it or shooting very near it they varied the amusement by shooting in a prone position from their breasts, sides or backs and by running a short distance and then firing, to show that they were equally certain of their aim when maneuvering as in battle.

Finally one of two brothers took a piece of board only 6 inches broad and 7 inches long, with a similar piece of paper centered on it for a bullseye, and held the board in his hand while the other brother shot through the paper. Positions were then reversed, and the second brother held the board. The spectators were more astonished than pleased at this performance, when, to their horror, one of the men placed the bit of board between his thighs and, supporting it thus, stood smilingly erect while his brother shot eight bullets successively through the board. This shooting was done offhand at a distance said to have been "upward of 60 yards," though it was probably not over 40 yards.

The bystanders were assured that there were more than 50 men in the company who could perform the same feat and that there was not one but could "plug 19 bullets out of 20 within an inch of the head of a tenpenny nail." To show the absolute confidence that they had in each other's marksmanship some of the riflemen offered to stand with apples on their heads while others shot them off at a considerable distance, but the sensible townspeople refused to witness such foolhardiness. —Harper's Magazine.

BLOOD TELLS.

Yes, it is the index to health. If you have bad blood you are likely to learn that you have Rheumatism, one of the most horrible diseases to which mankind is heir. If this disease has just begun its work, or if you have been afflicted for years, you should at once take the wonderful new cure,

RHEUMACIDE.

Thousands have been cured. The Summer season is the best time to take a rheumatic remedy. Nature will then aid the medicine in effecting a permanent, constitutional cure. People with bad blood are subject to catarrh, indigestion, and many other diseases. To be healthy the blood must be pure. RHEUMACIDE is the Prince of blood purifiers.

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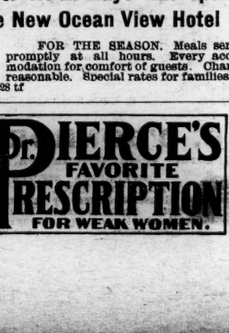

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DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

SEABOARD AIR LINE — S.A.L. — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS
North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:33 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:42 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:28 A. M., Raleigh 11:18 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 408—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. Ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
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ONEIDA.....Saturday, Aug. 19
Wilmington for New York.
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Arg. 5
NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Aug. 12
Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
ONEIDA.....Tuesday, Aug. 1
NEW YORK.....Tuesday, Aug. 8
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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 31, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.42 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.33 P. M., Petersburg 6.31 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 8.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.39 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Wacca maw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York †2.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 Night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.05 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.39 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.00 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.08 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.32 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Fee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.56 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Fee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.30 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 7.18 P. M., Manning 8.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 9.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M. Manning 9.00 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 8.20 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M. arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.09 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.08 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.48 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.59 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.30 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.08 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 8.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
jy 30 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.

To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains 3 Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains 4 Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.

The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 8.

INTER-STATE COMMERCE.

Question of Grain Transportation Considered at Conference in Chicago. Charges of Rate-Cutting.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 7.—The Interstate Commerce Commission, which has recently been investigating charges of indiscriminate cutting of Western grain rates, met here to-day in another conference with the executive officers of the Western roads. W. J. Calhoun, of Illinois; J. D. Yeomans, of Iowa; C. A. Prouty, of Vermont; Martin J. Knapp, of New York, and J. C. Clements, of Georgia, members of the commission, were present. Meetings have recently been held in Washington, St. Louis and Chicago, at which the whole question of grain transportation for domestic destination and for the export trade was carefully considered, and to day's meeting was to consider the report of the commission. Commissioner Calhoun said he did not think the commission would agree on the report at this meeting, although all the evidence is now before it. The commission will leave Chicago for Denver in time to attend the annual meeting of the National Association of Railway Commissioners, which will open there Thursday.

The *Record* to morrow will say: "If present plans are carried out the next Congress will be asked to provide for the making and maintenance of all interstate freight rates. At their annual convention to be held in Denver on Thursday the members of the National Association of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners will prepare a petition to the national legislators, praying that the interstate commerce law be so revised as to authorize some legally constituted body, such as the interstate commission, to create rates and enforce their maintenance. State Legislatures will also be requested to exert their influence toward bringing about revisions of the interstate commerce law.

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

One New Case at the Soldiers' Home—No Deaths—Backbone of the Epidemic Believed to be Broken.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., August 7.—There was one new case of yellow fever at the National Soldier's Home to-day. There were no deaths. This is the official report. The case found to-day is the first reported since last Thursday night.

There is now no doubt that the backbone of the yellow fever epidemic is broken and in two weeks it is probable that the scourge will be a thing of the past. The quarantine, however, will be raised before that time as the situation is improving so rapidly that it will be unnecessary to block business and traffic after the next few days.

A house-to-house canvass of Phœbus by Surgeon White and his assistants developed no new case under suspicion. There is now but one case under treatment in Phœbus, the barber Spraggins, who is almost well enough to leave his house.

REVOLT IN SAN DOMINGO.

Revolutionists in the Field—Government Troops Going Over to the Enemy.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CAPE HAYTIEN, Aug. 7.—Generals Pablo Reyes, Ramon Pacheco, Clena Navarra, Jose Polo and Jose Jiminez have taken up arms in Santo Domingo in favor of Don Juan Isidro Jiminez and occupy the plains of Chaguei and Curabo as far as Jose de Las Matas, as well as the towns of Gayubin, Sabaneta, Manzanillo and Dajabo, abandoned by the troops of the government of Santo Domingo. More than half these troops are said to have gone over to the camp of General Pacheco, who is reported to have more than 800 well armed men under his command.

General Guellito, governor of Monte Christi, who, it is claimed, has already lost half of his troops, who have gone over to the enemy, is in a desperate position and unable to attack the erevolutionists. It is added that he wou'd be obliged to capitulate.

Numbers of Dominicans are arriving in Hayti by sea in order to join, by crossing the frontier, the camp of General Pacheco.

PLUNGED DOWN TO DEATH.

Nearly Forty Persons Killed Sunday Last by a Car's Fall From a Trestle.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN., August 6.—Nearly forty persons were killed by an accident on the Stratford extension of the Shelton Street Railway Company at 4 o'clock this afternoon, when a loaded trolley car went off the trestle over Peck's Mill Pond, at Oronoque, about six miles north of Bridgeport, and sank in the flats forty feet below. Thus far thirty-six persons are known to be dead and several more injured.

Only two persons are known to have escaped unharmed. It is believed that there were forty-three passengers on board, but the indicator was removed by the conductor of another car and taken away, so that at present it is impossible to state accurately the number aboard.

DEWEY AT NAPLES.

Refuses to Discuss His Relations With the German Navy or the Philippines.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

NAPLES, August 7.—Admiral Dewey who arrived Saturday morning from Trieste on board the United States cruiser Olympia, positively refuses to discuss his operations in the Philippines or his relations with the German navy.

The Olympia will sail for Leghorn Sunday or Monday next. Afterwards the cruiser will go to Genoa or Nice.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually, yet gently, when costive or bilious; to permanently overcome habitual constipation; to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them; to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

COURT MARTIAL OF CAPT. DREYFUS

Trial Begun at Rennes With Theatrical Setting and Military Pomp.

NO ATTEMPT AT VIOLENCE.

Gendarmes Blocked All Approaches—Prisoner and Counsel—The White Lady. The Accusation—Dreyfus' Declaration of Innocence.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RENNES, August 7.—The second court martial of Captain Dreyfus began here to-day with as theatrical a setting and with as much military pomp as could well be devised by a nation pre-eminent in stage craft and dramatic effect. Contrary to general expectations the day was void of riotous incident. Not a single attempt at violence marked the anxious hours in or out of court. The well oiled machinery of the military party moved smoothly, precluding any attempt at a factional outbreak, but the hand of repression was iron-sinewed though gloved in velvet. The attitude of the court was ominous toward the prisoner but Dreyfus met the deadly settled hatred of his military colleagues and judges with fearless composure that only once or twice broke through his outward calm into a passionate reiteration of his innocence.

The early hours outside the entrance to the Lycee, where the trial took place, were quiet and devoid of incident. Before the crowd had time to assemble the gendarmes had blocked all approach 150 yards in every direction. Through this military gauntlet the distinguished prisoner was escorted from the military prison to the ante room, where he remained until the opening of the court. The guard of six gendarmes surrounded and hid him from view on his way to the court house; but once inside it was seen that he had withstood in remarkable fashion his five years of exile, and of mental and physical torture. He was pale featured, partly bald and his hair almost perfectly white, but he held himself erect, saluted with military precision and spoke when roused in a high but stringent voice that carried with it little sympathy, but strong and well repressed emotion.

The Court Room.

The interior of the Lycee where the trial occurred had been a concert hall. The stage was extended beyond the foot lights to accommodate the long blue table around which gathered the members of the court, while the remaining stage space behind the table was filled with a few highly favored spectators.

The room was painted a light brown, with the names of famous Bretons, such as Lesage, Renan and Chateaubryand, inscribed in gold on an ornamental band about midway between the floor and ceiling.

The seats around the table were of polished mahogany, upholstered in dark red, a high carved chair being reserved for the president of the court. The edges of the room were lined with plain tables for the crowd of civilian reporters, while at the end of the hall, nearest the entrance, were crowded the general public. Between them and the court table rose a dais upon which Dreyfus was seated, surroudned by his counsel.

Against this sombre setting there stood out in strong relief the brilliant uniforms of the military court and of the files of gendarmes, who with fixed bayonets were about the prisoner and the court and scattered among the spectators in the ratio of almost a soldier to every civilian. Back of the stage hung a crucifix, before which the witnesses took the oath. Facing this, at the back of the hall, was a bust representing the republic, with the letters "R. F." (Republique Francaise.)

Counsel for Dreyfus.

At 7 o'clock MM. Labori and Demanage, counsel for Dreyfus, and Major Carriere, with their assistants, took their seats and the witnesses followed. Then sharp words from the officer commanding the row of soldiers at the back of the court rang out: "Carry arms." "Present arms." There was a rattle of arms and a moment later Colonel Jouaust, followed by other members of the court, walked on the stage from a room behind and took seats at the table. Deep silence fell upon the audience, who, up to then, had engaged in a buzz of conversation.

The White Lady.

An interesting figure, seated behind the Judges, was the woman known as "La Dame Blanche" (the white lady,) who has never absented herself from any of the proceedings connected with the Dreyfus affair, including all sessions of the Esterhazy, Zola and Picquart trials and the proceedings of the Court of Cassation. All the actors in the drama are known to her. She is a pronounced Dreyfusard, very rich, and wears splendid pearls. She was dressed to-day in a "picture" hat, black and white trimmings and a pink bodice.

On the court proceeding to the roll call of witnesses, the most notable absentees being Esterhazy, Du Paty de Clam and Mme Pays, Dreyfus half turned his head towards the seats of the witnesses especially when the clerk of the court called Esterhazy. But when no response was received, Dreyfus returned to his previous attitude, looking straight in front of him, at Colonel Jouaust. Altogether about one hundred witnesses will be called on both sides.

Major Carriere, the government's commissary, then said that in view of the official mission of General Chanonine and M. Paleologue to furnish the court with all the necessary explanations respecting the secret dossier, their depositions as witnesses, would be disposed with adding that the consideration of the dossier would probably occupy four days.

Dreyfus Brought In.

Immediately after Colonel Jouaust arrived, he gave the order to bring in the prisoner. All eyes were then turned to the right of the stage, beside which was a door leading to the room in which Dreyfus was awaiting the summons. Almost everybody but the most prominent officers stood on their feet and some mounted chairs to obtain a bettter view. There were subdued cries of "sit down," amid which the door opened and Captain Alfred Dreyfus, preceded and followed by a gendarme, emerged into the court room. His features were deathly pale and his teeth were set with a determined, but no defiant bearing. He walked quickly, with almost an elastic step and ascended the three steps leading to the platform in front of the stage. He drew himself up erect, brought his hand sharp to the peak of his kepi, or military cap, giving the military salute. The prisoner then removed his kepi and took the seat placed for him, facing the judges, just in front of his counsel's table and with his back to the audience. Behind him sat a gendarme holding a sheathed saber in his hand.

Dreyfus, in a new uniform of captain of artillery, dark blue with red facings, fixedly regarded the judges with immovable features, and without stirring hand or foot, scarcely even moved his head during the whole course of the proceedings, except when he entered and left the court room. After the formal proceedings which occupied a couple of hours, Colonel Jousust began the

Examination of Dreyfus

respecting the famous bordereau and what Dreyfus did with it or could have known of its contents. Dreyfus, wearing eye-glasses, rose from his seat for examination. He stood erect, holding his kepi in his hand before him. He looked Colonel Jouaust straight in the face during the whole interrogatory.

Colonel Jouaust began by saying: "It results from the documents just read that you are accused of having brought about machinations or held relations with a foreign power, or one or more of its agents, in order to procure it means by delivering it documents, indicated in the incriminating bordereau, to commit hostilities or undertake war against France. I notify you that you will be allowed to state during the course of these proceedings anything that appears to you useful for your defence."

Protests His Innocence.

Dreyfus replied with a vehement declaration of his innocence, repeating several times "I am innocent," in a voice which quivered with emotion. The agonized manner in which he uttered his protestations of innocence had a most painful effect and must have evoked the sympathy of his most inveterate enemies.

The prisoner grew more composed as the examination proceeded, answering every question without a moment's hesitation.

Colonel Jouaust submitted Dreyfus to a rigorous examination, more in the style of a prosecuting counsel than a judge and made gestures of impatience at some direct denials which Dreyfus gave repeatedly to the judge's questions.

The day's examination was long and trying. Colonel Jouaust went over each of the charges contained in the bordereau, which has become familiar to the public in the course of the long fight for revision. Dreyfus entered a passionate denial to each charge. He declared that he had not attended the German manœuvers; that at the time of his first trial he was ignorant of all the details of the artillery manual and of the 120 guns, which he was charged with betraying to Germany. He denied the remarks attributed to him that the Alsatians were happier under Germany than under France, and said that he not only did not have in his possession any of the contraband information he had been accused of divulging, but had never asked indiscreet questions of his brother officers.

Colonel Jouaust then spoke of the interview with Du Paty de Clam, and Dreyfus replied: "I never confessed anything to Du Paty de Clam."

A Dramatic Scene.

Here occurred one of the most dramatic scenes in the examination. Dreyfus, tremendously excited, swayed to and fro for a moment, and then all his pent-up emotion and indignation burst forth, and he cried in a piercing voice, heard throughout the court and even by those standing outside: "It is iniquitous to condemn an innocent man. I never confessed anything. Never."

Dreyfus, as he uttered the words, raised his right white-gloved hand and held it aloft, as if appealing to heaven to vindicate him.

Jouaust—"Did you say, 'If I handed over documents it was to have more important ones in return ?'"

Dreyfus—"No."

The examination of the prisoner was ended with a few minor questions, and the court decided to sit behind closed doors by five votes to two.

Madame Dreyfus visited her husband this afternoon and found him hopeful, although much unnerved, as the rigorous examination and especially the unfeeling demeanor displayed towards him by Colonel Jouaust proved a tremendous strain upon him. There are many persons who were present at the trial now under the impression that the harshness of the presiding judge was assumed and was intended to disarm the enemies of Dreyfus, who are only anxious to interpret ordinary courtesy into the grossest partiality towards the prisoner. If this be the case, and such an explanation is quite plausible, Dreyfus is naturally unaware of it and the effect upon his highly strung nerves must be very severe.

WARM WIRELETS.

Troops A, D and M, Third cavalry, left Fort Myer, Va., yesterday for Seattle en route for the Philippines.

A statement prepared at the War Department shows that by October 22nd there will be at Manila, or on the way to the Philippines, 46,000 men. They will all reach the islands before the beginning of the dry season.

The New York *Times* says the formation of a glove trust, with a capital stock of $20,000,000, is assured. It will be organized on different lines from other combinations of capital, and its creation will mark a new era in the glove trade.

More than $10,000,000 of English capital has been invested in Cuban tobacco plantations. English firms control the Cuban tobacco market, and the American importers of Havana tobacco will have hereafter to look to the English for their goods.

The mutilated body of Rev. V. J. Ruebin, said to be the son of a New York millionaire, has been found four miles south of New Laredo, Mexico. He was married to Miss Dunlap, of a prominent Atlanta, Ga., family. The body had been torn by wolves.

The New Jersey Democratic State Central Committee, met yesterday at Asbury Park. The silver men had a strong delegation on hand. According to Chairman Gourley, the committee transacted only routine business and did not discuss party policy or platform.

The only case of yellow fever in Havana is of a very mild type. The victim is a private named Beatty, of the Eighth U. S. Infantry. Army physicians consider that it would be more dangerous to remove the troops from the island at present than to allow them to remain.

The gas works of the Logansport and Wabash Valley Gas Companies were destroyed by a terrific explosion, which shook the city yesterday. The company installed the acetylene plant less than a year ago, it being the first ever put in for illuminating a city with the new light.

The chief clerks of all the leading railroads of the South will meet at Chattanooga to-day, to discuss the question of a revision of the rate sheetings of the roads. Representatives of the Southern, Western and Atlantic, Louisville and Nashville, Illinois Central, Mobile and Ohio, Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham, and New Orleans and Northwestern will be there. The session will continue two days.

Read the advertisement of the Eas Carolina Real Estate Agency in thi issue of the STAR. It offers for sals some very valuable farms. †

RACE TROUBLE IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

Conflict Between Whites and Negroes in the City of Greenville.

SEVERAL PERSONS WOUNDED.

White Man Shot by a Negro—A Hand to Hand Conflict—Military Called Out. Two Negro Ringleaders Arrested. No Further Trouble.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 7.—There was little sleeping done in Greenville, S. C., last night. Negroes and whites were armed and a genuine race war at one time seemed inevitable. A negro named Zack Brown was arrested by a crowd of operatives from the Poe cotton mill on the charge of having fired into the house of an operative. The man was taken to jail but it was reported at the negro churches, where services were in progress, that the mill people were going to lynch Brown. In an incredibly short time the churches were empty and the negroes appeared in the mill quarter under arms.

There has been no trouble between the races since a negro was lynched there for murder five years ago, but they seemed to be prepared for an emergency. The sheriff could do nothing. He told the negroes Brown was safe in jail, but they refused to believe him. In the meanwhile the whites had armed and were on the streets, while the military company assembled at the armory and was served ammunition. There was some firing in the heart of the town and between squads of the two races on the outskirts. Several men are reported wounded.

Two negro leaders, one a preacher, were finally persuaded to go to the jail and satisfy themselves as to Brown being there This they did and at the same time the militia company was called out.

The announcement of Brown's safety was made early in the morning and the hostile parties began to scatter.

Another Account.

GREENVILLE, S. C., August 7.—Ben Odam, a prominent young man of this place, and John McClinton, a negro, were wounded in a fierce battle between the white people and negroes living in the vicinity of the Poe and Sampson cotton mills near here late last night. Odam was shot in the jaw, and the negro, besides being considerably bruised, was struck in the wrist by a bullet. J. C. Counch, a white man, had his suspenders cut by a shot and his clothing was pierced by three other bullets in his efforts to save Odam.

Four other negroes were wounded, but being taken immediately by their friends to avoid arrest, the nature of their injuries or their identity could not be learned.

Zack Moore, one of the gang, who started the trouble, is in jail.

Yesterday afternoon while operative Greenburg, of the Poe mill, with his family, were at the dining table, several shots were fired into his house. No one was struck, but Greenburg began to search for the would-be assassins.

Zack Moore was the only one captured. He was placed in the county jail here. Word was sent by messengers to the negro churches, and the couriers reported that a negro had been lynched at the Poe mill. The churches were soon deserted and the negroes, arming themselves with shotguns, revolvers, axes and other dangerous implements, went to the mill. The sheriff and chief of police could not persuade them that Moore was in jail, and one of the number said, "We will kill the chief of police if Moore is lynched."

A Hand to Hand Conflict.

There were about twenty-five negroes in the crowd, and as many mill operatives, armed with guns, gathered with the intention of dispersing the negroes. The negroes attempted to attack four white men, when the other operatives came to their assistance and the row continued for some time. In many places it was a hand-to-hand conflict. Many shots were fired, but the greater number of injuries were inflicted with clubs.

At 2 o'clock this morning the militia was called out, and Rev. J. A. Pinson, pastor of the Mount Zion colored Baptist church, went to the jail. Here he found Moore, and coming back told the negroes Moore was safe, which ended the trouble. The effect of the military was to cause the negroes to disperse. There was some excitement to day, but all is quiet to-night.

Ringleaders Arrested.

Two of the negro ringleaders were arrested to day. This caused more excitement among the negroes, The negroes threatened to lynch the negro minister, Pinson, who acted as peace-maker last night.

At 11 o'clock there was no evidence of further trouble, but the Governor was asked to order the local militia to hold itself at the disposal of the sheriff, and this he did.

MURDERER ARRESTED.

Believed to be the Negro Who Killed Town Constable Atkinson of Red Springs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA, August 7.—The detectives have arested a negro named John Smith, alias Walter Cotton, who they are certain is the murderer of John Wyatt, of Portsmouth last week and the assailant of Captain S. L. Hudgins, of Scott's Creek. He is also thought to be none other than John Moore, who is wanted at Red Springs, N. C., for the murder of Thomas Atkinson, town constable. There is a reward of $1,400—$1,000 by the town of Red Springs and $400 by the Governor of North Carolina—for the arrest of Monroe. Pawn tickets found on Smith's person revealed that he had pawned the knife and watch of John Wyatt, who was murdered and robbed in his own home.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

St. Louis—St. Louis, 11; Pittsburg, 5. Second game—St. Louis, 1; Pittsburg, 2.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 4; Philadelphia, 3.

New York—New York, 9; Brooklyn, 3.

Washington—Washington, 1; Boston, 7.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

ABOUT TWENTY DROWNED.

Breaking of a Gangplank Causes a Horrible Accident to a Party of Excursionists Near Bar Harbor, Me.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BAR HARBOR, MAINE, August 6.—About a score of persons were killed to-day by the collapse of the gangplank of the Mount Desert Ferry.

When the excursion train from Bangor arrived at the ferry there was a rush for the steamer Sappho. The first few passengers had crossed the gangplank safely and it is estimated that 200 people were massed upon the plank. Suddenly they felt the plank give way beneath them. The long timber supporting the plank broke in the middle. The hinges held up one end and the chain the other, while the broken ends of the plank dropped and a struggling, screaming mass of humanity was plunged into the water fifteen feet below the wharf. A few clung to the inclined sides of the plank, but at least 150 were struggling in the water.

BAR HARBOR, August 7.—A careful examination by divers and on shore in the vicinity of Mount Desert ferry slip, the scene of the terrible accident yesterday, indicate that the twenty victims reported in last night's dispatches are all who perished as a result of the catastrophe. A Mr. Southard, of Bangor, who was seriously injured, is not likely to recover, and two other persons are suffering from pneumonia. Others who were hurt yesterday were reported to-day as being in a favorable condition

A Pushing Young Woman.

In a number of local business houses the novel plan of a young woman who has started out to earn her own living is being much discussed. With a satchel hung over her shoulder the new toiler enters a store or office and announces that she has patent leather shoe blacking for sale and proceeds to dilate on its virtues.

Finally she insists upon trying the polish on the shoes of one of the men present, and, dropping to her knees, she starts to work before the astonished victim has had time to summon up courage to say "No!" After putting a high polish on one of the shoes the young woman stops to extol again the good qualities of that which she has to sell, and then she urges the man to buy a bottle.

The price being rather high, the business man generally declines to purchase at first, but after the woman has risen and he realizes that he is to be left with one shoe brightly shined and the other untouched he consents to make the purchase. The woman then polishes the other shoe, hands over a bottle of the fluid, receives her money, smiles and departs.—Philadelphia Record.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Lost—Five Dollar Bill, on Princess between Front and Fifth streets. Finder will receive reward by leaving at this office. aug 8 1t*

For Sale—A nice light Yawl, 14 feet 4 inches long, 4 feet 6 inches wide. A good row and surf boat. Jas. I. Metts. aug 8 tf

Lost—Yesterday afternoon on Front or Market, possibly Red Cross streets, book Seacoast Railway tickets containing thirty seven one way trips. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to "D," care STAR. aug 8 1t

Taylor's Studio—I will open my studio in the new building, corner Front and Princess streets, about August 15, and will be glad to furnish the public with all kinds of first-class Photographs and Life Size Portraits and Frames. Very respectfully, Paul M. Taylor. jy 25 tf

I Am Agent for the "Randolf" Buggy and also of other work. Come and see me when in need of Buggies and Harness. P. H. Hayden. aug 3 tf

Highest Cash Prices for Beeswax, Deertongue, Eggs, Chickens, Timber, etc. Number one Farm Horse for sale. T. D. Love, 94 North Water street. jy 30 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. B. Winstead, Second street, corner postoffice green. jy 20 tf

Photographic Notice—U. C. Ellis, Photographer, has returned and is now at his old stand, 114 Market street. jy 16 tf

City Lots For Sale—Cheap for cash, or sold on time on sufficient margin. Apply to Geo. H. Howell, Attorney at Law, room No. 5 Smith building. jy 15 1m

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 3 tf

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. R. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Rock Salt. Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 311 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 26 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

Maxton Building and Loan Association,
MAXTON, N. C.

DIRECTORS:
J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
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W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the

Average Profits

of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM, President.
W B HARKER Secretary. fe 10 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.
ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,
the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
10 10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10 10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.
aug 1 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

With Capital $200,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.

No philanthropy about it,

It's Business.

Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jy 27 tf

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,
WITH ASSETS OF OVER
One Million Dollars.
OFFERS ABSOLUTE SECURITY TO DEPOSITORS.
CUSTOMERS' NEEDS PROMPTLY AND INTELLIGENTLY ATTENDED TO.
POLITE AND COURTEOUS ATTENTION GUARANTEED TO EVERY PATRON.
ACCOUNTS BOTH LARGE AND SMALL SOLICITED.
J. W. NORWOOD, President.
LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.
jy 29 tf

Bagging and Ties.
3000 Rolls Bagging.
5000 Bundles Cotton Ties.
2000 Bushels Good Milling Corn.
375 Bags Coffee.
65000 Pounds Hoop Iron.
1000 Kegs Nails.
And several car-loads of other Groceries Buyers in my line will do well to get my prices before buying. I can save them money.
D. L. GORE,
Wholesale Grocer,
jy 23 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FRESH CAKES.
110 BOXES LEMON CAKES.
100 BOXES ASSORTED CAKES.
25 CASES 10c MILK.
30 CASES HORSFORD'S.
156 BOXES GREEN COFFEE.
20 CASES ARBUCKLE'S COFFEE.
25 PICNIC CHEESE.
3000 PIECES BAGGING.
3500 BUNDLES TIES.
59 BARRELS RICE.
25 BAGS JAVA RICE.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
aug 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.
ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,
6 and 9.15 A. M., 3. 5.15 and 7 30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M.; 1, 3.45, 6 and 8.30 P. M.
No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays.
Fare to pier and return on 5 15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.
Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12 30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.
FOR SOUTHPORT,
boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6 30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.
Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.
je 6 tf J. W. HARPER, Manager.

BATHING CAPS.
Fresh Stock.
JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
je 20 tf Wilmington, N. C

At The Unlucky.
SPEAKING of Tea.
I am selling a blended Tea for 35c that beats the world and cannot be replaced for 40c.
Try it.
Don't you love Stuffed Mango Pickles? We have them, and my, don't they taste good.
A rasher of Bacon, cut from one of our delicious "Harvey" Strips, will make your mouth water. So crisp and delicate.
My 'Phones are 109.
S. W. SANDERS.
jy 18 tf

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR HOME BEER.
Pure and Mild. Ask for Wiener Export and take no other. Best in town.
Home Brewing Co.,
RICHMOND, VA.
Wilmington Branch,
DAVID CONNELL,
Manager.
jy 9 tf 114 North Water street

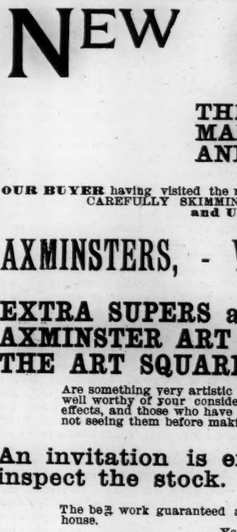
PEACE INSTITUTE,
RALEIGH, N. C.
One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.
e 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
THE FINEST, BEST SELECTED, CHEAPEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.
Special Bargains every week. My prices are spot cash, but to reliable parties I will sell on terms suited to the consumer. aug 1 tf

NOW'S THE TIME.

The balance of our stock of Suitings and Trouserings AT COST. OUR $1.25 Negligee Shirts at
$1.00
this week. They are handsome and will catch your eye. Come in and look them over. All other Goods accordingly. SAVE MONEY by buying of us. Prices "CUT NO FIGURE" this season of the year.
M. H. CURRAN,
aug 6 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

Seashore Hotel,
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C
GEORGE CAMPBELL, Prop.
R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.
THE SEASHORE HOTEL opened June 1st, season of 1899. The Hotel is handsomely furnished and fitted with all the conveniences and improvements of modern times. Only half hour's ride from Wilmington, N. C.
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH is not only noted for its Cooling Summer Breezes and matchless view of the Grand Old Atlantic Ocean, but it is the
Most Famous Summer Resort on the Continent.
Nothing will be left undone by the management of the Seashore to promote the comfort of its guests. The Cuisine is up to the highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by Artesian Well.
SPECIAL RAILROAD RATES FROM CHARLOTTE, GREENSBORO, RALEIGH, GOLDSBORO AND OTHER POINTS.
SURF BATHING---STILL WATER BATHING.
je 6 tf



CRAWFORD'S IMPERIAL SHOE IS THE BEST SHOE MADE FOR LADIES.
It wears easy, soft and flexible. In order to get this Shoe introduced, we will offer them next week at A BIG REDUCTION. Once you buy it you will always buy it. This is what you can do at Gaylord's New Shoe Store, No. 109 Market street, next week.
You can buy a genuine Ladies' Vici Kid button or lace Shoe at $1.50. A good Commonsense lace shoe, solid leather, at $1.25. A nice dress Shoe, up-to date, lace or button, at $2.00. The Picnic line, up-to-date, silk vested top, lace for button, at $2.0). The Hamilton Brown Old Ladies' Shoe, lace or elastic, soft as a glove, at $2 00.
MENS' SHOES!
The Battle Axe line is up-to-date in all the new style toes, lace and congress at $1.75 to $3.00. We have a nice Tan Shoe, new goods, all solid, at $1.25.
Drop in and examine our line of Tan and Black Vici Kid Shoes. We will take pleasure in showing you through our stock.
We want to increase our business, and in order to do so we will sell Shoes at a very small profit. We have just gotten in a nice line of Ladies' and Gent's new Shoes this week, and we invite you to call in and look through our stock.
Remember the place, 109 Market street, with the door and window full of Shoes.
Our terms are Strictly CASH. Store will be open every night until half past 8 o'clock.
GEO. O. GAYLORD'S
aug 6 tf NEW SHOE STORE.

FOR SALE.
THE KING GROCERY CO.
offer for sale their entire business, consisting of Good Will, Stock, Fixtures, Horses and Wagons. If buyer prefers, will sell Stock and Fixtures without Horses and Wagons. They are now doing a three thousand dollar business per month, and it has steadily increased since they began in 1897. The business is profitable, and it is EVERY CENT CASH. The manager can give satisfactory reasons for selling.
B. F. KING, Manager.
aug 6 tf

NEW CARPETS
THEY ARE ARRIVING, MANY HAVE COME IN, AND OTHERS TO FOLLOW.
OUR BUYER having visited the markets early, has shown exceptionally good taste in CAREFULLY SKIMMING and accepting none but the Pure and Unadulterated Cream.
AXMINSTERS, - VELVETS, - TAPESTRIES,
EXTRA SUPERS and AXMINSTER ART SQUARES. THE ART SQUARES
Are something very artistic in design and made of best goods, and are well worthy of your consideration. The Carpets are most exquisite in effects, and those who have homes to furnish will make a mistake by not seeing them before making their purchase.
An invitation is extended to all, to call and inspect the stock.
The best work guaranteed and promptness is a characteristic of the house.
Yours, truly,
A. D. BROWN,
aug 6 tf Agent for "Her Majesty's" Corsets and Butterick's Patterns.

WHOSE HEAD
Aches? Yours? If so, what is the cause? Does a little worry or over work bring that tight, sore, uneasy aching sensation at the base of the brain just back of the ear? Have you ever thought it might be due to your eyes? Could we convince you by relieving it with Glasses? This is one of the "eye headaches" so common with those having pronounced refractive errors. Proper Glasses will correct the defect. The cause removed the effects disappear.
DINGELHOEF BROS., OCULO OPTICIANS,
PARLOR NO. 123. MARKET STREET.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.
Having just finished taking our annual inventory, we find too much stock in some Departments and in others we have only Odds and Ends. So offer during this month
BARGAINS IN ALL OUR DEPARTMENTS.
Special inducements are offered you in the Carpet Department for the next two weeks, before the arrival of our new stock, which we expect August 15th.
Our Window Shade Department is now complete.
See us this Fall before you buy your Window Shades We are Sole Agents for W. B Corsets and Standard Patterns. September Designer now on sale.
The C. W. Polvogt Co.
aug 6 tf